

Corporate Governance Policy

Review with modifications

(Last Review in March 2023)





Major Modifications

- Notifications by GOI during the FY 2023-24
 - ✓ Composition of IT Strategy & DPP Committee (Page 51 & 54)
 - ✓ Role of the Board in approving OTS Fraud & Wilful Default (Page 21)
- > Revision in the Calendar of Review Items Annexure 4 (Page 94)
- Corporate Governance compliance status w.r.t RBI & SEBI updated (Page 86)
- > Preservation of audio visual recording (Page 25)





Approval Sought For

• Review of the Corporate Governance Policy



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Corporate Governance Policy of the Bank
Review with modifications

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Corporate Governance Policy of the Bank is being placed before the Board for approval in view of the developments in the financial sector and regulatory environment. Care has been taken to retain the contextual details of the original policy and new paragraphs have been added for better clarity. The policy has been formulated in IV Sections.

Major inclusions/ modifications proposed in the policy during the review are -

- Regulatory changes/ guidelines issued during the FY 2023-24 viz. RBI directions on "Approval for compromise settlements in respect of debtors classified as fraud or wilful defaulter" and "IT Governance, Risk, Controls and Assurance"
- Revised calendar of reviews based on the feedback obtained from the Departments
- 3) Recording of the proceedings of the meetings and preservation thereof
- 4) Status of compliance in respect of RBI and SEBI guidelines has been updated in Annexure 2 and 3.
- A new para has been added as regards the preservation of the video recordings of the proceedings of the meetings

Snap shot of various important points are as under:

 Introduction – Definition and scope of Corporate Governance, Basel Committee's - 12 principles for Corporate Governance for Banks, Regulators role for better corporate governance in Indian Banks – taking into accounts all these points the 'Corporate Governance Policy' has been framed addressing the





responsibilities, authority, administration of the Board of Directors, responsibilities of the Principal officer. This policy will be reviewed by the Board within a period of one year from the date of last review. In short, the policy codifies its values, ethos and culture.

- 2. Bank of India A bird's Eye View This segment defines Bank as an Institution, Bank's operations under the provisions of Banking Companies (Acquisition & Transfer of Undertakings) Act, 1970 and regulated by Department of Financial Services (GOI), RBI, SEBI and its present network of domestic branches as well as in international centers philosophy on Corporate Governance Bank's vision and Values.
- 3. Facets of Corporate Governance covers various aspects of Corporate Governance i.e. Board of Directors, Investor Relations, Financial Disclosures & Controls and Corporate Citizen.

Section I - Board of Directors covers -

- 4. Composition of the Board includes appointment and tenure of Directors as per Banking Companies (Acquisition & Transfer of Undertakings) Act, 1970 and code of conduct.
- **5.** Role & Responsibilities of the Directors elaborates role and responsibilities of the Board, Non-Executive Chairman, Non-Executive Directors, guidelines for professional conduct Non Executive Director.
- 6. Powers of the Board includes exercise of powers conferred by Section 9 of The Nationalized Banks (Management & Miscellaneous Provisions) Scheme, 1970, sitting fees paid to Non Executive Directors, holding of Board Meetings notice, agenda of Board Meetings, attendance of Directors at Board Meetings, quorum, frequency, minutes of the Board Meeting, validity of resolution, calendar of reviews and role of Board Secretariat.



- Board Level Sub-Committees list of Board level sub-committees is provided.
- 8. Charter of Committees There are 21 Board Level sub committees functioning in our Bank as per the guidelines of RBI / DFS / SEBI. Earlier, each committee followed the charter approved by the Board individually on various dates. During last review, while attempting observations of the SSM team, this chapter has been added. Accordingly, this chapter contains Charter of Board level sub-committees, which replaces all the individual charters approved by the Board in the past. Any change occurring due to change in regulatory guidelines will be given effect in this policy through modification. Each charter includes the genesis of the respective committee, its composition, scope, chairperson, quorum, periodicity, escalation matrix and calendar of review items.

Section II - covers

- 9. Bank as a listed entity elaborate role of Company Secretary, responsibilities of the Senior Management, Key Managerial Personnel (KMP).
- 10. Investor Relations covers Grievance Redressal Mechanism, Efficient Share Transfer Mechanism, Investor Information in the Annual/Half Yearly Reports, Annual General Meeting, Prevention of Insider Trading.

Section III covers

11. Financial Disclosures and Controls – includes Timely Reporting of Financial Results, Transparency and Disclosures Standards, conforming to GAAP and Disclosure Policies, Policies of the Bank and Effectiveness of the System of Internal Financial Control





Section IV covers

- **12. Corporate Citizen** includes various steps/measures taken by the Bank towards CSR (Corporate Social Responsibility) activities
- 13. Conclusion

Annexures attached are -

- (i) Annexure 1 Describes 12 principles of sound corporate governance under BASEL norms
- (ii) Annexure 2 Status of compliance of the guidelines issued by RBI vide RBI/2021-22/24 DOR.GOV.REC.8/29.67.001/2021-22 dated April 26, 2021
- (iii) Annexure 3 Status of compliance of SEBI (LODR) guidelines on Corporate Governance for Board and Board Committees
- (iv) Annexure 4 Covers Calendar of Review reported to Board, Management Committee of the Board, Audit Committee of Board, Risk Management Committee, Committee for monitoring High Value NPA and Loss Assets, Committee for Monitoring Large Value Frauds, Group Governance Committee, IT Strategy and Digital Payment Promotion Committee, Share Transfer Committee, Credit Risk Management Committee / Committee on Operational Risk Management, Asset Liability Management Committee, Executive Director and MD & CEO.

We confirm that cognizance of changes in available regulatory guidance has been taken while reviewing this policy for the current year.

EXECUTIVE SECRETARY TO THE BOARD

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Bank's Corporate Governance

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Board Secretariat

Summary of Changes/modifications in the Corporate Governance Policy 2024

Sr. No.	Subject/Topic	Reference	Existing	Proposed	Justification
Security Committee Committ	Powers of the Board	Para 6.1 Page 21		As per Para 6(ii) under "Delegation of Power" in Annex 1 of the RBI circular DOR.STR.REC.20/ 21.04.048/2023-24 dated 08.06.2023 on "Framework for Compromise Settlements and Technical Write Offs" which forms the latest guidelines given by the RBI in respect of One time settlements in Fraud Declared and with accounts where promoters/guarantors are declared as wilful defaulters, the authority to approve OTS is vested with the Board. The said delegation is also included in Chapter 7 Para 7.4 in our NPA Management Policy, 2024.	
2. वार्ड वार्ड क्या मिलालाय के सुवर्ध का अपन	Attendance at Board Meetings	Para 6.5 Page 25		All such meetings where any of the directors participate through video-conferencing shall be recorded using electronic recording mechanism. Such recordings shall be preserved as part of the records of the Bank at least before the time of completion of audit of that particular year as per Rule 3(2)(d) of the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014. Here we propose to retain such records till annual statutory audit of the Bank is completed and financial results for that particular year are declared.	preservation of electronic recordings

Board Secretariat

Summary of Changes/modifications in the Corporate Governance Policy 2024

Sr. No.	Subject/Topic	Reference Existing		Proposed	Justification	
3. (See and 10,11) (See and 10	Audit Committee of the board	Para 8.2 Page 39	Quorum Three members	Three members (Non-Executive Director appointed under Section 9(3)(g) i.e. Chartered Accountant and in absence of director appointed under above section, any one of the members with a qualification in Chartered Accountancy mandatory)	a qualified Chartered Accountant is mandatory – As per RBI	
4.	IT Strategy & Digital Payment Promotion Committee	Para 8.10 Page51 & 54		All the members shall be technically competent Chairperson shall be an independent director and have substantial IT expertise in managing/ guiding information technology initiatives	07.11.2023	
5.	Independent Directors Committee	Para 8.16 Page 59	As and when necessary and at least once in a year	Once in six months	As per the directions of the Committee	
6.	Calendar of reviews	Annexure 4	List of calendar items – Total items - 110	List of calendar items – Total items 120	In order to address RAR observation and revision of items as per the feedback and confirmation obtained from the vertical	
7.	Compliance with RBI guidance	Annexure 2	Separate annexure	Status of compliance in respect of guidance on corporate governance given by RBI dated 26.04.2021		
र्म, क्र बाड सचिवालय	Compliance with SEBI guidance	Annexure 3	Separate annexure	Status of compliance in respect of Listing Obligations issued by SEBI.	Present status as on 21.03.2024 updated	

BANK OF INDIA BOARD SECRETARIAT MEMORANDUM FOR BOARD

Ref. No.	BS/SK/158	1
Date	21.03.2024	

Corporate Governance Policy of the Bank – Review with modifications

We are placing the Corporate Governance Policy of the Bank. The earlier policy was approved by the Board at its meeting held on 24.03.2023.

- 2. In view of the developments in the financial sector and regulatory environment, the policy has been reviewed with changes. Hence, care has been taken to retain the contextual details of the original policy and new paragraphs have been added for better clarity.
- 3. The Reserve Bank of India, during the year 2023-24, issued two circulars which affect composition of the IT Strategy Committee (changed on Para 8.10 in Page 51 & 54 of the Policy) and role of the Board (included in Para 6.1 in Page 21 of the policy). We may submit that the role of the Board in approving One Time Settlement of NPA accounts which are declared as Fraud and/or Wilful Defaulters has been duly incorporated in the NPA Management Policy of the Bank and it has been included in this policy as enhanced role of the Board. As regards composition of IT Strategy Committee, though the charter of committees has been revised (changed on Para 8.10 in Page 51 & 54 of the Policy), Bank has taken up with IBA for limitations in complying with said composition by Public Sector Banks.





- A. During the year 2023-24, RBI in its Supervisory Inspection, ISE-2023 had observations on various aspects such as absence of statute based full Board (six vacancies out of 16 including Chairman) continued, composition of Important committees like Audit Committee of Board (ACB), Risk Management Committee (RMC) and Management Committee (MCOM), absence of 50% independent directors, meeting of MLVF not being convened as per required frequency, Assessment of Fit & Proper: Director's declaration & undertaking was not being put up to NRC for ensuring fit & proper criteria of director, bulky agenda notes, delayed submission of agenda, delay in submission of calendar of reviews, pending compliance of directions, deficiency in approval of minutes from the members before circulation of the same for action, submission of insufficient information to Board / Board level committees resulting in deferment of agendas, need for clarity on the reasons for approval of agenda item, which required reference to the base agenda note.
- 5. We submit that we have submitted our responses to the observations of ISE-2023, some of which were accepted and others were rejected by the SSM team with the reason that the compliance is not addressing the concerns raised. In order to understand what was expected by the SSM team, a one to one meeting with the SSM was held on 14.02.2024 wherein it was suggested by the SSM to place the observations along with our responses to the Board for their inputs. Accordingly, Annexure A to this memorandum brings out the observation along with our response for information of the Board.
- 6. The calendar of items was last reviewed by the Board on 03.02.2023. After the last review, we have been receiving various requests from verticals suggesting certain addition/ deletion of the calendar of reviews based on their current context and hence another comprehensive review exercise has been undertaken. During this exercise, we have added one additional theme as suggested by the SSM team, i..e, **Any other Matters of Concern**, where regular reporting to Board, ACB, and other committees is done in respect of Office accounts, KYC AML, IT Audit, etc.





- The exercise of reviewing the calendar of items for the current year began in the month of September 2023. The list of items as approved during the last review was sent to all the departments for their scrutiny. Based on the feedback received, the list was revised and individual IDMs were sent to the Departments for their confirmation. The final list of items had been arrived at after receiving confirmation, duly signed by the CGM/ GM, from all the Departments. The list of items is mentioned in Annexure 4 of the policy. List of the new calendar items added is given in Annexure B to this memorandum and the list of items which have been recommended for deletion is mentioned in Annexure C to this memorandum.
- 8. As regards preservation of audio-visual recording of the proceedings of the meetings, reference is made to Rule 3(2)(d) of the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014 which states that "Such recordings shall be preserved as part of the records of the Bank at least before the time of completion of audit of that particular year". Accordingly, it has been proposed to retain such records till annual statutory audit of the Bank is completed and financial results for that particular year are declared.

Following changes have been proposed in the Charter of Committees:

Name of the	Modifications Done		
Committee			
Audit Committee of the Board	Quorum – Non Executive Director appointed under Section 9(3)(g) i.e. Chartered Accountant and in absence of director appointed under above section, any one of the members with a qualification in Chartered Accountancy mandatory Reason: As per the RAR observation		
IT Strategy & Digital Payment Promotion Committee	 i. All the members shall be technically competent i.e. Technically competent herein will mean the ability to understand and evaluate information systems and associated IT/ cyber risks ii. The Chairperson shall be an independent director and have substantial IT expertise in managing/ guiding information technology initiatives - Substantial IT expertise means the person has a 		





		minimum of seven years of experience in managing information systems and/or leading/ guiding technology/ cybersecurity initiatives/ projects. Such a member should also understand the business processes at a broader level and the impact of IT on such processes Reason: As per the RBI circular
Independent	Directors	Once in six months
Committee		Reason: As advised by the Committee

10. In the background of the above, approval is requested for review of the Corporate Governance Policy with the above modifications. Upon approval, the policy shall be uploaded on our Website.

Submitted for approval, please.

On approval of this memorandum, the following resolution may be passed;

RESOLVED THAT

<u>APPROVAL</u> be and is hereby accorded for adoption of the reviewed Corporate Governance Policy, for the reasons and as per the details as brought out in the memorandum.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT

<u>APPROVAL</u> be and is hereby accorded for extending the validity of the existing Corporate Governance Policy, last reviewed by the Board on 24.03.2023, during the intervening period from 24.03.2024 till the date of approval of this policy by the Board.







ANNEXURE A

	RBI's Observations	Present status of compliance (06.03.2024)					
100	(i) Persisting issues like absence of	Bank is regularly following up with Government of India, Ministry of Finance, Department of					
27 WAR	statute based full Board (six Financial Services (DFS) for filling up of the vacancies. In addition to monthly position of						
AR 1874	cancies out of 16 including	vacancies of directors being reported to DFS, Bank follows up with DFS through personal					
NCM.	Chairman) continued.	communication from MD & CEO office. Last letter requesting for filling up the vacancies was					
		sent on 29.05.2023.					
	ä	We submit that DFS has appointed Non-Executive Chairman Shri.M.R.Kumar and he has					
		assumed office on 22.02.2024. The first meeting of the Board chaired by Shri Kumar was on					
		29.02.2024. With this the vacancies for Directors on our Board are five.					
		We continue to take up the matter with Government of India. We trust that DFS will fill up the					
	*	remaining vacancies in times to come. We assure that our follow up will be more specific and					
		regular till our vacancies are filled in.					
	ii) The vacancy also impacted	We request reference to the guidance given by the RBI in respect of Audit Committee of the					
	proper composition of Important	Board dated 26.04.2021. According to the guidance,i. The ACB has been constituted with					
	committees like Audit Committee of	only non-executive directors (NEDs). ii. The Chair of the board is not a member of the ACB.					
	Board (ACB), Risk Management	iii. The ACB meets with a quorum of three members. iv. Since all the members of the ACB					
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RBI's Observations	Present status of compliance (06.03.2024)
Committee (RMC) and	terms of Banking Companies (Acquisition and Transfer of Undertakings) Act, 1970), Bank
Management Committee (MCOM).	complied with the composition being atleast two-thirds of the members attending the meeting
	of the ACB being independent directors. v. The ACB meets at least once in a quarter.
	However, the frequency has increased due to various matters of reference coming to the
\$ 20 1/20	ACBvi. The meetings of the ACB is being chaired by an independent director who does not
	chair any other committee of the Board. vii. The Chair of the ACB is not a member of any
	committee of the board which has a mandate of sanctioning credit exposures. viii. All
	members have the ability to understand all financial statements as well as the notes/ reports
	attached thereto.ix. The Chairperson of the ACB, being a Chartered Accountant, has requisite
	professional expertise/ qualification in financial accounting or financial management [e.g.,
	experience in application of accounting standards and practices, including internal controls
	around it]. In view of the above, we submit that in absence of a Chartered Accountant
	Independent Director (under Section 9(3)(g)) we have ensured that a shareholder director
	with qualification of Chartered Accountant is chairing the Audit Committee of the Board and
	complies with other guidance given by the RBI in respect of ACB chairperson. As regards
98	composition of Risk Management Committee and Management Committee we confirm that it
	is complying with the guidance given by the RBI and DFS respectively.
(iii) There was absence of 50%	As mentioned above in response to observation 1.1.1, we submit that Non-Executive
independent directors.	Chairman has been appointed by DFS and he has assumed office on 22.02.2024. With this,

होड़े सचिवालय मुंबई BOARD SECRETAPIAT MUMBAI we have two directors appointed under Sec.9(3)(h) along with one each as RBI Nominee

RBI's Observations	Present status of compliance (06.03.2024)				
	Director (9(3)(c)) and Government Nominee Director [9(3)(b)]. In terms of Clause 12(5) of				
	Nationalised Bank (Management and Miscellaneous Provisions) Scheme, 1970, for Public				
	Sector Banks, the quorum for a meeting of the Board shall be one-third of the number of				
	Directors holding office as such Directors of the Board on the day of the meeting, subject to				
inger (1)	a minimum of three Directors, two of whom shall be Directors referred to in clause (b) or				
	clause (c) or clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 9 of the Banking Companies (Acquisition				
	and Transfer of Undertakings) Act, 1970. Bank is complying with this guidance given by the				
	DFS. Also being a listed entitiy, Bank is complying with SEBI guidelines also which requires				
	the composition of the Board to have one-third strength of independent directors when				
*	Chairman is on Board and is a Non-Executive Director.				
(iv) Some meetings were not being	We admit that due to various constraints we have not been able to convene the meeting				
convened as per the required	immediately upon detection of any fraud above Rs.1 crore. The matter was also discussed in				
periodicity (Committee on Large	the meeting of the MLVF Committee on 25.11.2022 where we informed the Committee that				
Value Fraud).	we have requested for closure of this observation in light of the acceptance given by RBI on				
	13.10.2021 . However, in order to address the concern expressed in RAR, we submit that a				
	monthly reporting of all frauds above Rs.1 lakh which includes frauds above Rs.1 crore is				
	being made by the Fraud Risk Management Department to the Board where all the frauds				
	are discussed properly by the Board Members. Further the FRMD also reports Perpetrated				
	and Attempted frauds on a quarterly basis to ACB. We submit that the intention of holding a				
	meeting of MLVF as and when a fraud occurs is that the Committee members (who are				

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	RBI's Observations	Present status of compliance (06.03.2024)
		eventually the members of the Board also) would discuss the fraud cases for preventive
	9	measures and corrective actions which in spirit is happening in the meetings of the Board
		and ACB. We further submit that the frequency of Board and ACB is also increased during
17 E		the current year. Thus, Bank has tried to ensure that a mechanism of oversight is in place
7 WAR 1974 S	是 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	within a reasonable time period of one month. We request once again for accepting the
MON!		approval given by the RBI team vide RBI email dated 13.10.2021 to a similar observation
2	,	present in RAR 2018 at S.No.1, RAR Para no. 5.2.4.1 and we humbly request for continuation
		of the said approval.
	Assessment of Fit & Proper:	In the meeting of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee held on 05.01.2024, the 'Fit &
	Director's declaration &	Proper" assessment of shareholder directors and annual declarations given by Nominee
	undertaking was not being put up to	directors including the directors appointed under Section 9(3)(h) ,(i),(b) and (c) was placed
	NRC for ensuring fit & proper	before the Committee.
	criteria of director.	
	Persisting gaps in oversight of the	In order to address the concern for bulky agenda notes, we submit that reduction in number
	Board and its committees were : (i)	of pages per agenda has not been possible due to insistence on comprehensive contents by
	(a) bulky agenda notes (3466	the directors. However, we have increased the frequency of various meetings thereby
	pages in a single meeting) and (b)	reducing overall number of agendas being taken up for discussion per meeting. For eg. in
	delayed submission of agenda	the previous year, meeting of the Board used to have around 100 agendas (including policies,
	(68.22% with a gap of less than 7	approals and reportings) which has now been reduced in the current year to 50-55 agendas.b)
, m, I	days and 4.88% table agenda)	Going further to the submissions made in our previous response, we confirm that the

RBI's Observations	Present status of compliance (06.03.2024)				
continued to impact the focus of	submission of agenda to the Board level meetings, atleast seven days in advance has been				
Board and its committees	62% for the period ended January 2024. We are taking all possible steps to improve it further.				
	Further, as a control measure, we are ensuring that to the extent possible, no other meeting				
7	is kept when important meetings like Board or ACB or RMCB is scheduled thereby giving sufficient time to the members of the Board to deliberate on all matters of concern. There				
्रिहरण (1), पीत के कहा					
	have been instances where meetings like Board and ACB have continued for a duration of 5				
	hours also. We assure to strive for further improvement.				
(ii) Some important items were not	The percentage of submission of calendar of items has improved during the current year.				
deliberated by the Board as per the	The initiative taken by us to report pendency in every meeting has resulted in improving the				
periodicity stipulated in calendar	percentage of submission.				
(Review of material outsourcing					
activities and risk emanating from	We assure to strive for further improvement.				
the same, Analysis on Select	Ť.				
Performance Indicators for					
Domestic Operations).					
(i) Though the quality of	In continuation with our response given earlier, we submit that while according approval to				
deliberations as recorded in the	any agenda, the Board/ Board level sub-committee convey their decision after due perusal				
minutes have improved but the	and deliberations on the agenda being considered by them. During deliberations, specific				
minutes of the committee being put	observations are made by the Board/ Board level committees only after understanding full				
up to Board lacked clarity on the	contents of the memorandum. These observations and the clarifications are also point wise				

RBI's Observations

Present status of compliance (06.03.2024)

reasons for approval of agenda item, which required reference to the base agenda note but in absence of the same, it was and its committee oversight.

recorded in the minutes along with the directions given during deliberations. Based on these aspects, a resolution is passed for approval of the agenda which is recorded as "APPROVAL be and is hereby accorded for, for the reasons and as per the details as brought out in the memorandum". We further submit contents of the memorandum are fully taken cognisance of before making specific observations and seeking clarifications and hence we propose to continue the practice followed by the Bank. We once again clarify that reference to the base agenda note is to cover aspects which form the basis or the terms of reference of the Note. However, we propose to put up to the Board, the concern expressed particularly with regard to "reference to the base agenda note but in absence of the same, it was impacting the efficacy of the Board and its committee oversight" which would require removal of concluding sentence of our minutes.

(ii) Further, some instances reflecting lack of operational clarity in direction were observed (despite bank's risk appetite and trigger (GNPA, NIM, etc.) set for 2023-24 being worse than that of bank's actual position itself), no deliberation on the same was found on record and the bank's growth

We submit that clarification limited to the instance pointed out in the RAR was provided in our earlier response where it has been attempted to clarify that the directions given by the Board for that particular instance were based on information furnished to the Board, time and again in various meetings (as brought out in the earlier submission). As such, it is demonstrated through various deliberations/ discussions/ suggestions/ advices and directions given by the Board that lot of thinking and analysis is put in by the members of the Board collectively which in times to come will benefit the Bank for improvement in overall functioning.

RBI's Observations	Present status of compliance (06.03.2024)
plan was approved with a direction to put suitable enablers and risk mitigation measures.	
(iii) The minutes on approval of AAP 2023-24 did not reflect any deliberation/ direction despite (a) stress testing exercise carried out by the bank was not in line with the Board approved Stress Testing	After ICAAP FY 2023-24, Stress Testing as per the Board approved Stress testing Policy has been carried out for June 2023 and the same has been reported to the R.Com in its meeting dated 06.10.2023. Also, Stress Testing as per the Board Approved Stress Testing Policy has been carried out for September in Interim Review of ICAAP FY 2023-24, cleared by CRMC in its meeting dated 20.01.2024 and will be placed to the R.com and then to the Board in their ensuing meetings. The memorandum of Stress Test result for June 2023 has deliberated on
Policy, (b) stressed CRAR (8.90%) breaching the regulatory CRAR even in base line stress scenario.	the reasons & remedies of the breaches along with the strategies to maintain the desired level of CRAR (above regulatory limit as well as internally set limits) on continuous basis. Stressed CRAR under baseline scenario as per the Stress Testing exercise as on 30.09.2023 is 10.54%, which is slightly below the regulatory prescribed limit of 11.50%. Stressed CRAR is expected to be above 11.50% for Dec 2023 as the bank has raised Rs 4500 Cr through QIP in December 2023. Considering above, we recommend for the closure of the observation.
(i) It was observed that despite deferment of one of the items (reconsideration of one of the failed OTS in one reported fraud case,	We request reference to our earlier submission where we have confirmed that the circulation of the minutes for the specifc agenda has taken place only after the due approval accorded by the Committee collectively on 27.12.2022. We further confirm that the Committee has confirmed the minutes in its meeting dated 04.01.2023. However, respecting the reservations
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RBI's Observations

Present status of compliance (06.03.2024)

police complaint was not filed due to stay order from court), it was recorded as approved and the bank had gone ahead in receiving some gart of proposed OTS amount. Subsequently after 19 days, nonapproval was informed to the Zone. However, in subsequent meetings the Committee allowed approval (with a noting of displeasure) as the bank has gone ahead with OTS process and also received money from the borrower, but such a grave issue was not considered fit for staff accountability examination. Thus, reflected deficiency in approval of minutes from the members before circulation of the same for action.

received many days after the minutes were confirmed, the said agenda was taken up again on 16.02.2023 which was re-approved. Bank has necessary records in support of the above statement. We may further submit that the agenda note for the instance under consideration clearly brings out the background of the proposal where the borrower had been approaching the Bank for One Time Settlement since 2015 and the said agenda note sought re-validation of the OTS already approved by the M.Com. In view of the above clarifications and with an assurance that Bank continues to adhere to the proper procedure for conduct of meetings on sustained basis, we request you to kindly close the observation.

(ii) No clarity on continuation of criminal case, in fraud cases settled We have duly noted the observations and submit that continuation of criminal cases in fraud accounts settled through OTS has already been covered in the memorandum. Hence, the



Present status of compliance (06.03.2024) **RBI's Observations** same has not been reiterated in the minutes. However, going forward, in all such One Time through OTS was observed in the Settlement cases where fraud is involved, the Committee has insisted on recording the minutes. direction that criminal actions against the borrowers and the guarantors to continue for the This followed fraud. In view of the foregoing we recommend for the closure of the observation. diligence lack of due appropriate disclosure to Board/

Board committee, requiring them to defer agenda and some agenda were withdrawn (Board meeting-23, ACB Meeting- 5, 2 were withdrawn, RMC- 3 were deferred, 1 was withdrawn, MCOM- 28, NCB- 1, WD Committee- 3),

After careful examination of the agendas which were deferred, it was observed as stated earlier that most of the times the decision to defer the agenda is taken by the Board based on additional information on certain aspects inferred from the contents of the agenda. Here, the agenda would have the necessary information for decision making but it is at those times when the Board/ Committee, through its collective wisdom, seeks clarification on points which cannot be clarified at the instant and hence the requirement of deferring the agenda with direction to re-submit the same.



OTS

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ANNEXURE - B

CALENDAR OF REVIEW – ADDITION OF ITEMS AS PER THE RBI SSM UNDER THE THEME "Any other matters of Concern"

S.No	DEPART MENT	Name of Item	Frequency	Committee
	INFOSE	Quarterly Reporting of Vulnerability Assessment and Penetration Testing (VAPT) of Internal		IT Strategy & DPP
	С	& External Applications conducted during the quarter	Quarterly	Committee
2	INFOSE C	Status Report of Information Security Cell for the quarter	Quarterly	IT Strategy & DPP Committee
3	RMD	Position of Capital under Basel II, Basel III and CRAR / Preparedness under Basel II and III and Information Security	Quarterly	ACB (also Board)
4	RMD	Monthly reporting of Domestic Treasury Operations	Monthly	MRMC
5	RMD	Monthly reporting of Overseas Treasury Operations	Monthly	MRMC
6	RMD	Stress testing of Trading Portfolio	Quarterly	MRMC
7	RMD	Global Market Risk Portfolio Analysis	Quarterly	R.Com
8	COMPL	Supervisory letter from RBI along with risk rating and Risk Mitigation Plan	Yearly	Board
9	COMPL	Circulars / Notifications issued by Overseas Regulators and Gist of Instructions received from Overseas Centers	Monthly	Board
10	COMPL	Circulars / Notifications issued by RBI & other regulators and Gist of Instructions received therein	Monthly	Board
11	COMPL	Progress of Risk Mitigation Plan under SPARC Inspection for Supervisory Evaluation	Quarterly	Board
12	COMPL	Report on the position of Compliance Risk in the Bank	Quarterly	ACB
13	COMPL	Compliance status of Circulars / Notifications issued by Overseas Regulator & other statutory bodies	Quarterly	ACB
14	TRY	Dealing Room Operation – Annual review of panel of Forex Brokers	Yearly	Board
15	TRY	Subscription to Alternative Investment Funds(AIF) - Review reporting of AIF Investment	Yearly	Board
16	INTL	Reconciliation of Inter Office adjustment entries for Overseas Branches	Quarterly	ACB

S.No	DEPART MENT	Name of Item	Frequency	Committee
17	INTL	Business Review Committee of Overseas Branches	Quarterly	Board
18	INTL	Half Yearly Review of Treasury Operations of Overseas Branches		Board
19	LEGAL	Cases/litigations filed against the Bank (Claims against Bank not acknowledged as debt)	Quarterly	Board
20	ARD	Reporting Performance under One Time Settlement (OTS)	Quarterly	Board
1	I&A	Risk Based Internal Audit/ Management Audit of Foreign Branches – Gist of audit findings and compliance thereof	Quarterly	ACB
22	CRMD	Reporting of Manual Intervention in (in Automation of IRAC process)	Quarterly	ACB
23	CRMD	Status of stock audit reports pending for closure	Quarterly	ACB
24	CRMD	Report on closure of Forensic Audit/ Internal Investigation Report	Quarterly	ACB
25	FRMD	Monthly "Information Note for reporting of frauds with amount involved of Rs.1.00 lakh and above	Monthly	Board
26	SAED	Status of SAR Pendency	Quarterly	ACB
27	DSMD	Reports submitted by Nominee Directors on the Board of Domestic Subsidiaries / Associates / Joint Venture as per Bank's Policy	Quarterly	Board
28	DSMD	Submission of Minutes of Board Meetings of our Domestic Subsidiaries – Compliance as per Clause 24 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015	Quarterly	Board



ANNEXURE - C

CALENDAR OF REVIEW – ADDITION OF ITEMS AS PER THE RBI SSM UNDER THE THEME "Any other matters of Concern"

S.N o	DEPARTMEN T	Name of Item	Frequency	Committee	Remarks
1	PLG	DSB Return submitted to RBI	Quarterly	Board	Directly in RBI portal
Sel 1000	I&A	Long Form Audit Report & Long Form Audit submitted along with comments from ACB on the auditor's observations and replies of the same – Observations from the Annual Inspection	Yearly	Board	Submitted to ACB as per the RBI circular dated 05.09.2020
3	BOSEC	Compliance with directions given by the Board in various meetings	Every Meeting	Board	Regular Agenda – Hence not treated as a calendar of review item
4	BOSEC	Minutes of all committees of the Board etc	Every Meeting	Board	Regular Agenda – Hence not treated as a calendar of review item
5	Investor Relations	Report on compliance of clause 49 and other guidelines issued by SEBI from time to time	Quarterly	Board	Reported under SEBI LODR Regulations – Listing agreement discontinued
6	Finance	Detailed scrutiny of Audited financial results for the year/quarter	Yearly & Quarterly	Board	Not a calendar item
7	HRD	Issues relating to manpower planning/ Industrial Law/ Service Regulations/ Perks & Perquisites for employees, incentive schemes for employees/ BOI Gratuity and PF Trust	As and when required	Board	Not a calendar item
8	BOSEC	Appointments of Directors and Formation of various Board level Committees	As and when required	Board	Not a calendar item
9	Planning	All Financial Budgets for the Year viz. Publicity, IT, CSR etc	As and when required	Board	Not a calendar item
10	Various Departments	All Policies	Yearly	Board	Not a calendar item

S.N o	DEPARTMEN T	Name of Item	Frequency	Committee	Remarks
11	Various	Financial Sanctions/ Approvals/ Renewals/ Reviews etc. both for credit and non credit matters including IT, Premises etc.	As and when required	M.Com	Not a calendar item
12	Recovery	Compromise/ Write off proposals	As and when required	M.Com	Not a calendar item
13	C&IC	Performance results of the corporate borrowers of the bank – Accounts sanctioned by M.Com	Quarterly	ACB	Financial results are analysed in the review proposals
´14	C&IC	Performance results of the corporate borrowers of the bank – Accounts sanctioned by CAC	Quarterly	ACB	Financial results are analysed in the review proposals
15	RMD	Prudential norms – Implementation of Exposure Management Position	Yearly	RCOM	Recommended by Department for deletion
16	DBD	Review of technology architecture content information and data	Quarterly	ITSDPP	Recommended by Department for deletion
17	RMD	Position of assets and liabilities of our foreign branches in various currencies	Quarterly	ALCO	Not required to be reported – Recommended for deletion
18	BPR	Development / Introduction of new products and competitiveness of individual business	As and when required	CORM	Recommended by Department for deletion
19	C&IC	Monitoring of exposure to term loans for quarter ended	Quarterly	CORM	Recommended by Department for deletion
20	SME	Review of sick SSI units being nursed by the Bank	Quarterly	CORM	Recommended by Department for deletion
21	PLG	Statement of deposits, advances, CD ratio and CRR/SLR position	Monthly	CORM	Recommended by Department for deletion
22	INTL	Review of performance of dealing rooms at overseas branches for the year ended 31st March	Yearly	INTL	Recommended by Department for deletion



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1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 Definition & Scope

Corporate governance is the transparent set of rules, practices, processes, controls, policies, and resolutions put in place to dictate corporate behaviour. These are either directed by a Regulatory Authority regulating the business and/or a controlling authority such as Board of the company. It mainly seeks to protect interest of stakeholders such as shareholders, senior management executives, customers, suppliers, financiers, the government, and the community. It also provides the framework for attaining business entity's objectives and encompasses practically every sphere of management, from action plans and internal controls to performance measurement and corporate disclosure.

Corporate governance is important to investors from the point of view of future of the business and business integrity. Good corporate governance helps companies build trust with investors and the community. As a result, corporate governance helps promote financial viability by creating a long-term investment opportunity for market participants. It also is an important factor of assessment in rating exercise by the rating agencies.

1.2 Corporate Governance for Banks

The Basel Committee's October 2010 Principles for enhancing corporate governance represented a consistent development in the Committee's longstanding efforts to promote sound corporate governance practices for banking organizations. The 2010 principles sought to reflect key lessons from the 2008–09 financial crisis, and enhance how banks govern themselves and how supervisors oversee this critical area.









This was further refined in 2015 and the final principles of corporate governance are drawn out as follows-

Principle 1	Board's overall responsibilities	Principle 7	Risk identification,
			monitoring and controlling
Principle 2	Board qualifications and composition	Principle 8	Risk communication
Principle 3	Board's own structure and practices	Principle 9	Compliance
Principle 4	Senior management	Principle 10	Internal audit
Principle 5	Governance of group structures	Principle 11	Compensation
Principle 6	Risk management function	Principle 12	Disclosure and transparency

Each principle has been explained in detail in Annexure 1.

- Keeping the above principles intact, our regulators Reserve Bank of India 1.3 (RBI), Department of Financial Services(DFS) (Government of India, Ministry of Finance) and Securities Exchange Board of India (SEBI) have been issuing instructions for ensuring better corporate governance in Indian Banks (Public Sector as well as Private sector).
- Based on the above, this document The Corporate Governance Policy -1.4 provides the framework under which the Board of Directors operates. It includes Bank's corporate structure, culture, policies and the manner in which it deals with various stakeholders. The policy also addresses the responsibilities, authority and administration of the Board of Directors and defines the reporting relationships.
- 1.5 Changes in guidelines of corporate governance during the FY 2021-22

RBI had released consultation on Corporate Governance in the month of June 2020. Subsequently, in the month of April 2021, vide Cir No. DOR.GOV.REC.8/29.67.001/2021-22 Dated April 26, 2021, RBI came out with guidelines on composition of various Board Level Committees, where emphasis has been given on presence of Independent directors for better supervision and standards

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of corporate governance. A summary of these guidelines vis-à-vis our compliance status as on the date of this document is given in Annexure -2.

Thereafter, looking at the shortage of Independent directors in Public Sector Banks and resultant challenges in non-availability of necessary Quorum in various committees, the Department of Financial Services has released a circular providing amendment to the Nationalised Banks (Management and Miscellaneous Provisions) Scheme, 1970 dated 25.01.2021, where, for any agenda pertaining to any committee where quorum issues are there, then that agenda may be presented to the Board.

Further, vide 2nd amendment to SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 dated 05.05.2021, w.e.f. 01.09.2021, SEBI withdrew all the exemptions in respect of Corporate Governance pertaining to composition of Board and Board level committees, which were available to Public Sector Banks (Body Corporate) owing to their specific governing statute (Banking Companies (Acquisition & Transfer of Undertakings) Act. 1970. Since the issue is common to all the public sector banks, a joint representation led by the Indian Banks Association was made to SEBI. However SEBI has not accepted the representation and advised that the Public Sector Banks need to continue following up with the Government of India for appointment of non-official/ non-executive directors. A summary of these guidelines vis-à-vis our compliance status as on the date of this document is given in Annexure 3.

1.6 Changes in guidelines of corporate governance during the FY 2022-23

i. DFS has advised on 20.12.2022 that since the situation has now come to normal and all Corona related restrictions have been lifted, Public Sector Banks, Public Sector Insurers and Development Financial Institutions are advised that meetings of Board of PSBs/PSIs/DFIs and its Sub-Committees should as far as possible, be held in person and the system of holding meetings through video conferencing should be resorted to only in exceptional circumstances





- (DFS notification F.no.15/47/2022-BO.I dated 20.12.2022)
- A whole time director, including the Managing Director, shall devote his whole time to the affairs of the Nationalised bank and shall hold office for such initial term not exceeding five years and extendable upto a total period, including the initial term, not exceeding ten years, as the Central Government may, after consultation with the Reserve bank, specify and shall be eligible for reappointment
 - (Amendment in the Nationalised Banks (Management and Miscellaneous Provisions) Amendment Scheme, 2022 vide Gazette Notification dated 17.11.2022)
- Revised arrangement for recording of Annual Performance Appraisal Report iii. (APAR) of Managing Director & CEO/Executive Directors / Chief General Managers/ General Managers of Nationalised Banks (DFS Notification Ef.No. 9/5/2009-IR dated 06.02.2023)

Changes in guidelines of corporate governance during the FY 2023-24 1.7

- As per Para 6(ii) under "Delegation of Power" in Annex 1 of the RBI circular DOR.STR.REC.20/21.04.048/2023-24 dated 08.06.2023 on "Framework for Compromise Settlements and Technical Write Offs", in respect of compromise settlements, it shall be ensured that proposals for compromise settlements in respect of debtors classified as fraud or wilful defaulter, as permitted in terms of Clause 13 of this Annex, shall require approval of the Board in all cases.
- RBI has issued Master Direction on Information Technology Governance. ii. Risk, Controls and Assurance Practices vide Circular RBI/2023-24/107 DoS.CO.CSITEG/ SEC.7/31.01.015/2023-24 dated 07.11.2023. The issues pertaining to governance aspects as brought out in Para 6 of the Circular has been brought out in Para 8.10 under Chapter "Charter of Committees - IT Strategy & Digital Payment Promotion Committee".

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1.8 The Board had reviewed this policy on 24.03.2023. This Policy on Corporate Governance will be reviewed by the Board within a period of one year from the date of proposed review. However, in case the policy could not be reviewed due to exceptional circumstances, the policy guidelines shall remain in force for a period of 90 days from the expiry of sunset period. This document enunciates the Corporate Governance Policy of the Bank and codifies its values, ethos and culture.

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2. BANK OF INDIA - A BIRD'S EYE VIEW

- 2.1 Bank of India (BOI), a 117 year old monolith in the arena of banking sector, has been known for its well established and robust systems, procedures and documentation. The institution also boasts of having seen thick and thin in the past and has successfully maintained its position amongst its peer banks. After the merger of 10 public sector banks in 4 Public Sector Banks during the year 2019-20, BOI is one of the few banks to keep its flag flying high on its sole strength and is ranked 9th amongst the peer banks in terms of business mix, branch network and international presence. The bank has also been recognized for its contribution in the financial inclusion program of the country and other important initiatives taken by Government of India.
- 2.2 The Bank has a network of over 5139 domestic branches and presence in 16 foreign countries. The bank operates under the provisions of Banking Companies (Acquisition & Transfer of Undertakings) Act, 1970 / 1980 and is regulated by various regulations of Department of Financial Services (GOI), RBI and SEBI. Thus the bank is controlled by the Board of Directors with a maximum of 16 directors as defined in Section 9(3) of the Banking Companies (Acquisition and Transfer of Undertaking) Act, 1970 / 1980. For the sake of better control and supervision of the bank's operations, there are 21 Board level sub committees which take care of the specific matters as per the terms of reference. In addition to this, as directed by RBI vide their circular no. BC.93/29.67.001/2014-15 dated 14.05.2015, conveying the need to have 7 point thematic review system of the internal operations of the bank (earlier called as Calendar of Reviews), the board and the sub-committees periodically review important aspects of banking operations. This is covered in detail in the separate section dealing with composition of the board and its sub-committees.





Other important laws governing functioning of banks in India are as follows -

- i. The Banking Regulation Act, 1949.
- ii. The Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.
- The Banking Companies (Acquisition and Transfer of Undertaking) Act, 1970 ' iii.
- Nationalized Bank (Management and Miscellaneous provisions; scheme, 1970. iv.
- Negotiable instruments Act, 1881 ٧.
- Regional Rural Banks (RRB) Act, 1976. Vi.
- Indian Registration Act, 1908 vii.
- Bankers Book Evidence Act, 1991. viii.
- Recovery of Debts due to Banks & Financial institutions Act, 1993 ix.
- Securitization and Reconstruction of Financial Assets and Enforcement of X. security interest (SARFAESI) Act, 2002
- Credit information Companies (Regulations) Act,2005 xi.
- Payments and Settlement Systems Act, 2007 XII.
- National Housing Bank Act, 1987 XIII.
- The National Bank for Agriculture and Rural Development (NABARD) Act, xiv. 1981.
- The Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 XV.

In case there is any contradiction in what is stated in this policy with that stated by any law, then the law will prevail

2.3 Bank's Philosophy on Corporate Governance

At Bank of India ('BANK'), the Corporate Governance philosophy stems from the belief that Corporate Governance is a key element in improving efficiency and growth as well as enhancing investor confidence. The Bank strongly believes in ethical values and self-discipline to achieve higher standard of Corporate Governance and continues to strive for excellent in business operations through transparency, accountability to its stakeholders, Government and others who deal with the Bank. Accordingly, the Corporate Governance philosophy has been scripted as under:

"Enhancing Stakeholders' value through ethical business practices"







At the core of its Corporate Governance practice is the Board, which oversees how the management serves and protects the long-term interests of all the stakeholders of the Bank. The Bank believes that an active, well informed and independent Board is necessary to ensure the highest standards of corporate governance. The Bank's Corporate Governance practices are aimed at meeting the Corporate Governance requirements as per the Government of India, Reserve Bank of India (RBI), Securities Board of India (SEBI) and The SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirement) Regulations - 2015 ('Listing Regulations') BIS-Corporate Governance Guidelines, besides good practices either recommended by professional bodies or practices by leading Bank's/companies in India.

Bank's vision and Values 2.4

Our vision is -

To become the bank of choice for corporates, medium business and upmarket retail customers and developmental banking for small business, mass market and rural markets.

Our values that define how we work are -

- Excellence
- People Engagement
- Integrity
- **Customer Centricity**
- Collaboration







3. FACETS OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

In order to have proper coverage on various aspects of corporate governance, this policy document is divided into 4 separate sections –

- I. Board of Directors
- II. Investor Relations
- III. Financial Disclosures & Controls
- IV. Corporate Citizen

However the chapter numbers will be continued from number 4. Thus, these four sections are further split into following sub topics as follows-

I Board of Directors

- 4. Composition of the Board
- 5. Responsibilities of the Directors
- 6. Powers of the Board
- 7. Board Level Sub-Committees
- 8. Charter of Committees

II Investor Relations

- 9. Bank as a listed entity
- 10. Investor Relation

III Financial Disclosures & Controls

- 11. Financial Disclosures & Controls
 - 11.1 Timely reporting of financial results
 - 11.2 Disclosure standards
 - 11.3 Adoption of universally accepted accounting and disclosure Policies
 - 11.4 Policies of the Bank
 - 11.5 Effectiveness of the system of Internal Financial Control

IV Corporate Citizen

- 12. Active participation in community development programme with Corporate Social Responsibility
- 13. Conclusion.

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SECTION - I

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

- 4. Composition of the Board
- 5. Responsibilities of the Directors
- 6. Powers of the Board
- 7. Board Level Sub-Committees
- 8. Charter of Committees



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4. Composition of the Board

4.1 The Board is responsible to act in the best interests of the Bank and its shareholders in discharging their duties. The Directors shall comply with the Code of Conduct as adopted by the Board. The Directors are expected to attend and actively participate in Board Meetings and Meetings of Committees on which they serve and to spend the time needed and meet as frequently as necessary to properly discharge their responsibilities. The Board is responsible for overall compliance with the Corporate Governance policy of the Bank. It oversees and directs the management of the Bank's business and affairs. In doing so, it must act honestly, in good faith and in the best interests of the Bank.

4.2 Composition of the Board

The composition of Board of Directors of the Bank is governed by the provisions of the Banking. Companies (Acquisition and transfer of Undertakings) Act, 1970 (the Act) and Nationalized Bank (Management and Miscellaneous provisions)-scheme, 1970 the scheme). The Board of Directors of the Bank is constituted through the mechanism of appointment, nomination and election. The appointment and tenure of office of directors shall be as specified in the Scheme, 1970 as amended from time to time or as per terms of appointment indicated to them by the Central Government.

In terms of Section 9(3) of the Banking Companies (Acquisition & Transfer of Undertakings) Act, 1970/1980 the Board of Directors of the Bank shall consist of a maximum of **16 directors**, comprising of:

- i. Chairman/Chairperson Non-Executive, part time director (Section 9(3)(h))
- ii. Whole Time Director (Section 9(3)(a)) [Managing Director & CEO]
- iii. Four Executive Directors Whole Time Director (Section 9(3)(a))

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- iv. Government Nominee Director representing the Central Government (Section 9(3)(b))
- RBI Nominee Director Director with necessary expertise and experience in matters relating to regulation or supervision of commercial banks. (Section 9(3)(c))
- vi. Two employee directors representing workmen and officers. (Section 9(3) (e) and Section 9(3)(f)) respectively.
- vii. Chartered Accountant director (Section 9(3)(g))
- viii. Not more than four directors (Including Chairman) to be nominated by the Central Government (Subject to provisions of 9 (3) (h) of Banking Companies (Acquisition and Transfer Undertakings) Act, 1970/1980, and
- ix. Director/s elected by the shareholders of the Bank (Section 9(3) (i)) other than the Central Government. (At present we have 2 directors elected by shareholders because the stake of Government of India is 73.38%, and for every 16% of public shareholding Bank is entitle to appoint 1 Shareholder Director, maximum 3 Shareholder Directors) Shareholder Director to be elected shall possess fit and proper criteria of Reserve Bank of India.

We may add here that the original directions about appointment of Directors as per the Nationalized Bank's (Management & Miscellaneous Provision) Scheme 1970 – Clause 6, the Managing Director would be appointed by the Central Government in consultation with the Reserve Bank of India, which subsequently has been rechristened as Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer vide Gazette of India dated 04.02.2015 issued by Department of Financial Service vide Notification F. No.13/1/2006-BO.I dated 13.02.2015.

The above pattern of composition of the Board ensures that the Board is broad based, consists of employees, professionals from various fields and administrators and results in representation to the stakeholders and administrators and independent





directors in the process of decision making. The predominance of non-executive/independent directors is aimed at enabling the board to have a meaningful discussion and taking an unbiased and qualitative view on matters placed before the Board.

- 4.3 In addition to the above, Regulation 17 of the SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirement Regulations) 2015 for Board of Directors of a listed entity (SEBI Guidelines Circular Ref. No. SEBI/HO/CFB/CMD/CIR/P/2018/77 dated May 3, 2018) requires the Board of Directors to have –
- Minimum 6 Directors
- ii. Non-Executive Chairman
- iii. Where the Chairperson is a Non-Executive Director, at least one third of the Board of Directors shall comprise of independent directors and where the listed entity does not have a regular non-executive Chairperson, at least half of the board of directors shall comprise of independent directors

4.4 Code of Conduct

The Code of Conduct adopted by the Bank shall be posted on the web site of the Bank. The members of the Board and senior management of the Bank shall submit their affirmation on compliance with the Code of Conduct for the effective period. The declaration by the Whole Time Directors to that effect shall form part of the annual report.

4.5 Sharing of information in respect of KYC of Directors

Bank is required to share the information on KYC of the directors as part of due diligence with various financial and non-financial institutions, domestic and international by virtue of the Bank holding the KYC documents of the directors, this information is required to be shared with correspondent banks, SEBI, NSE/BSE depository etc. We will obtain express consent from the directors for sharing this information.

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5. Role & Responsibilities of the Board and Directors

5.1 Responsibilities of the Board

The Board of Directors has the ultimate responsibility for the overall management of the Bank. The Board guides the bank to achieve its objectives in a prudent and efficient manner. In the interest of good governance, all the key information and also important communication received from Government, regulators, Courts shall be placed before the Board, and must form part of the agenda papers. The Calendar of reviews as prescribed by Board shall form part of the agenda for the Board Meeting.

Bank shall put in place various policies, which are approved by the Board. Bank shall conduct its operations/activities within the parameters laid down under these policies. All the policies shall be placed before the Board for review as per the sunset clause mentioned in the respective policies or earlier if required.

The Non-Executive Independent Directors shall execute the 'Deed of Covenant' as per the Report of the Consultative Group of Directors on Banks and Financial Institutions (Dr. Ganguly Group) and also as per the recommendations of RBI and as per the guidelines of Reserve Bank of India for shareholder directors.

All the Directors and Senior Management of the Bank shall affirm the Code of Conduct annually as adopted by the Board of Directors of the Bank. The Annual Report shall contain a declaration to this effect signed by the Managing Director & CEO.

Some of the major responsibilities of Board of Directors are to:

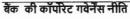
- ensure that the Governance principles set for the bank comply with all relevant laws, regulations and other applicable codes of conduct;
- set the business policies in consultation with the Management of the Bank;





- iii. provide strategic guidance for implementation of business policy and structure a management information system for review and course correction;
- iv. ensure proper implementation of the guidelines of the business & other policies and take action as under:
 - a) Establish appropriate systems to regulate the risk appetite and risk profile of the Bank. It will also enable identification and measurement of significant risks to which the Bank is exposed in order to develop an effective risk management system;
 - Ensure that all supervisory/regulatory directions are submitted and the supervisor's recommendations are utilized in the assessment of the performance of the senior management in implementation of Board philosophy;
 - Ensure that the IT systems in the Bank are appropriate and have built-in checks and balances to produce data with integrity;
 - formulate, adopt and review of the various policies prescribed by various Statutory Authorities from time to time.
 - e) Set Standards of Business Conduct and Ethical Behavior for members and Senior Management.
 - f) Ensure that the Bank has in place a robust compliance system for all applicable laws and regulations;
 - g) Prescribe the forms and frequency of reporting to the Board in respect of each of the above areas of responsibility.
- v. set up sound system of internal controls and audit including Financial, operational and Compliance controls and annual review of such system for their effectiveness:
- vi. monitor the financial performance of the Bank and must ensure that the financial results are prepared in accordance with the generally accepted accounting principles and regulations issued by the RBI and are reported to shareholders and regulators on a timely and regular basis;

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- ensure that all material developments of the Bank are disclosed to the vii. public on a timely basis in accordance with the Standard Listing Regulations requirement;
- delegate the responsibilities to mandated/ other recommended viii. Empowered Committees of Directors in discharging of the above governance functions, while retaining its primary accountability
- Execute such other duties as defined under the relevant Government of ix. India / RBI Guidelines.

Role and Responsibilities of the Non-Executive Chairman 5.2

The Chairman of the Board shall be Non-Executive and shall hold office on the terms and conditions, Role and Responsibilities, as per Ministry of Finance, Department of Financial Services, Circular F. No. 4/4/2015-BO.I (pt.) dated 18th August 2015 and any amendment thereof.

The Chairman will

- i. Provide leadership to the Board and would be responsible for its effective overall functioning and maintaining a relationship of trust between Board members.
- ii. Facilitate in conducting the meeting smoothly and effectively in order to enable the Board to provide overall policy direction to the management in key areas such as business strategy, risk management, audit, governance and human resources development Board.
- iii. Chair the Board meeting, and ensure that all necessary information / inputs are put up to the Board.
- Ensure that Board decisions are taken on a sound and well informed basis, and are properly recorded.
- v. Encourage and promote critical discussion and ensure that dissenting views can be freely expressed and discussed within the decision- making process.







vi. Promote and ensure that appropriate checks and balances are incorporated while deciding on various agenda items of the Board.

The Bank shall follow the tenure of appointment, Role of the non-executive chairman, duties, List of Dos and Don'ts, Remuneration and fees, guidelines on professional conduct, roles and functions, as mentioned in the above mentioned circular of Ministry of Finance, Department of Financial Services. Further as mentioned in Ministry of Finance Circular F. No. 4/4/2015-BO.I (pt.) dated 30th October, 2015, the Chairman shall not be in the Management Committee/ Credit Approval Committee.

The Ministry of Finance vide communication no. F. No. 6/20/2019-B0.I dated 30.08.2019 has informed that the provision related to independent directors does not apply to Public sector Banks as they are not established under the companies Act and the Act establishing public sector banks does not define independent director. However, the said communication clarifies that the non-official directors nominated under clause (g) ("chartered Accountant category director") and (h) ("Part time Non-official Director") of section 9(3) of the Act, including non-executive chairman, are similar in nature to the independent directors.

5.3 Role of Non-Executive Directors

The non-executive/independent directors play an important role in deliberations at the board meeting and bring to the Bank their wide experience in the fields of finance, housing, accountancy, law, technology, public policy, engineering and industry. In view of the diverse background, qualifications and experience of the non-whole time directors, it is the endeavor of the Bank to impart internal or external training to them in matters of banking, regulatory requirements and current trends in global banking.

The non-executive directors shall play an increasingly important role as the representatives of shareholders and other stakeholders. In this connection, they shall:

i. attend the meetings regularly,

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- be active participants in board meetings, and not passive advisors, ii.
- Have clearly defined responsibilities within the board; iii.
- Analyze & interpret various statutes, laws its implications and accounts İ٧. presented to them.
- Play an increasingly important role as the representatives of shareholders and other stakeholders and in overseeing the performance of whole time directors.
- Be allowed to take independent professional advice, on matters of vital vi. importance for which an agreed procedure shall be established.
- bring an independent judgment to bear on Board's deliberations, especially vii. on issue of strategy, performance, risk management, appointment of key personnel and prescription of standards of conduct, and be active, have defined responsibilities and be conversant with bank's account.
- viii. Satisfy herself/himself on the integrity of financial information and that financial controls and systems of risk management are robust and defensible.
- ix. Safeguard the interests of all stakeholders, particularly minority shareholders; and
- Balance the conflicting interest of stakeholders. X.
- xi. help in bringing independent judgment to bear on the Board's deliberations, especially on issues of strategy, performance, risk management, resources, key appointments and standards of conduct;







5.4 Guidelines for professional conduct - Non Executive Director

The directors shall -

- a) Act in good faith in order to further the objects enumerated in the preamble to the Banking Companies (Acquisition and Transfer Undertakings) Act, 1970/1980, viz, to meet the progressively and serve better the needs of development of the economy in conformity with national policy and objectives, in the best interest of the bank, its shareholders, its employees, the community and for the protection of environment;
- b) Exercise her/his duties with due and reasonable care, skill and diligence, and shall exercise independent judgment;
- c) Not involve in a situation in which she/he may have a direct or indirect interest that conflicts, or possibly may conflict, with the interest of the bank;
- Not achieve or attempt to achieve any undue gain or advantage either to herself./himself or to her/his relatives, partners or associates;
- e) Not assign her/his office;
- f) Undertake appropriate induction and regularly update and refresh her/his skills, knowledge and familiarity with the bank;
- g) Seek appropriate clarification or amplification of information;
- Strive to attend all meetings of the Board of Directors and of the Board committees of which she/he is a member;
- Participate constructively and actively in the committees of the Board on which she/he is chairperson or member;
- Strive to attend the general meetings of the bank;
- k) Where she/he has concerns about the running of the bank or a proposed action, ensure that these are addressed by the Board and, to the extent that they are not resolved, insist that their concerns are recorded in the minutes of the Board meeting;





- Keep herself/himself well informed about the bank and the external environment in which it operates;
- Not unfairly obstruct the functioning of an otherwise proper Board or committee thereof;
- n) Pay sufficient attention and ensure that adequate deliberations are held before approving related party transactions and assure herself./himself that the same are in the interest of the bank;
- Ascertain and ensure that the bank has an adequate and functional vigil mechanism and ensure that the interests of a person who uses such mechanism are not prejudicially affected on account of such use;
- Report concerns about unethical behavior, actual or suspected fraud, or violation of the bank's code of conduct or ethics policy;
- acting within her/his authority, assist in protecting the legitimate interest of the bank, its shareholders and its employees; and
- r) Not disclose confidential information, including commercial secrets, technologies, advertising and sales promotion plans, unpublished price-sensitive information, unless such disclosure is expressly approved by the Board or required by law.



Bank's Corporate Governance Policy





6. Powers of the Board

6.1 In exercise of powers conferred by Section 9 of the Act, the Central Government has framed "The Nationalized Banks (Management & Miscellaneous Provisions) Scheme, 1970", for carrying out the provisions of the Act. Directors are nominated or elected in terms of Clause 3 of the Scheme. According to clause 7 of the Scheme, the Board of Directors is vested with the powers of general superintendence, direction and management of affairs and business of the Bank. It is entitled to exercise all such powers and do all such acts and things as the Bank is authorized to exercise and do. However, in discharging its functions, it is guided by the directions of the Central Government on matters of policy involving public interest. All strategic, policy decisions and review of operations are looked after by the Board and for all financial sanctions beyond the delegation of Credit Approval Committee [Rs.800 crore – DFS, MOF, GOI Gazette Notification dated 17.09.2019 read with the amendment called the Nationalized Banks (Management and Miscellaneous Provisions) (Second Amendment) Scheme, 2019 dated 19.11.2019)] M.Com is the final authority.

As per Para 6(ii) under "Delegation of Power" in Annex 1 of the RBI circular DOR.STR.REC.20/21.04.048/2023-24 dated 08.06.2023 on "Framework for Compromise Settlements and Technical Write Offs" which forms the latest guidelines given by the RBI in respect of One time settlements in Fraud Declared and with accounts where promoters/guarantors are declared as wilful defaulters, the authority to approve OTS is vested with the Board. The said delegation is also included in Chapter 7 Para 7.4 in our NPA Management Policy, 2024.





6.2 Minimum Information to be placed before the Board

As per Part A of Schedule II – Corporate Governance of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) regulations 2015, following minimum information is required to be placed before the Board -

- a) Annual operating plans and budgets and any updates.
- b) Capital budgets and any updates.
- Quarterly results for the listed entity and its operating divisions or business segments.
- d) Minutes of meetings of audit committee and other committees of the Board of directors.
- e) The information on recruitment and remuneration of senior officers just below the level of Board of director, including appointment or removal of Chief Financial Officer and the Company Secretary.
- f) Show cause, demand, Prosecution notices and penalty notices, which are materially important.
- g) Fatal or serious accidents, dangerous occurrences, any material effluent or pollution problems.
- h) Any material default in financial obligations to and by the listed entity, or substantial non-payment for goods sold by the listed entity.
- i) Any issue, which involves possible public or product liability claims of substantial nature, including any judgment or order which, may have passed strictures on the conduct of the listed entity or taken an adverse view regarding another enterprise that may have negative implications on the listed entity.
- j) Details of any joint venture or collaboration agreement.
- k) Transactions that involve substantial payment towards goodwill, brand equity, or intellectual property.





- Significant labour problems and their proposed solutions. Any significant development in Human Resources/ Industrial Relations front like signing of wage agreement, implementation of voluntary Retirement Scheme etc.
- m) Sale of investments, subsidiaries, assets which are material in nature and not in normal course of business.
- n) Quarterly details of foreign exchange exposures and the steps taken by management to limit the risk of adverse exchange rate movement, if material.
- Non-compliance of any regulatory, statutory or listing requirements and shareholders service such as non-payment of dividend, delay in share transfer etc.

6.3 Compensation/ Sitting fees

The remuneration to the Whole-time directors and sitting fees to other directors shall be paid to them for their functions and attending the Board or its Committee Meetings in accordance with the guidelines of the Government of India. In terms of DFS guideline bearing reference no. F. No. 15/1/2011-BO.I, Dated 30th August 2019, the sitting fees for Independent /Non-Executive Director has been approved by the Board w.e.f. 01.01.2022. The MD & CEO, Executive Director and every Director who is from Govt. of India and RBI, will not be paid any Sitting Fees. However, if a retired person is nominated as a Director under clause (c) of sub-section (3) of section 9 of the Banking Companies (Acquisition and Transfer of Undertakings) Act, 1970, he shall be eligible for sitting fees. (As per RBI communication vide email dated 18.07.2023).

6.4 Board Meetings

The Board shall meet regularly, retain full and effective control over the Bank and monitor the executive management. The Nationalized Banks (Management and Miscellaneous Provisions) Scheme, 1970 provides that the meetings of the Board shall ordinarily be held at least six times in a year and at least once in every quarter. Further,





the maximum time gap between any two meetings shall not be more than one hundred and twenty days.

Meetings of the Board/Committees of the Board shall be held as required under the statutes/ guidelines /Listing Regulations governing such meetings and as often as required by the circumstances at the Head Office of the Bank. Schedule of all such meetings are prepared before beginning of each quarter and circulated to all Board members, General Managers and Departments well in advance.

6.4 Notice and Agenda for the Board Meetings

The Notice of the meetings of the Board be given at least 15 days before the date of the meeting and in case of intervening changes in Meeting Date and or Place be also notified in short notice due to administrative reasons if any, after obtaining approval from the Chairman of the Board. Meetings at shorter notice may also be convened to address specific urgent need or with consent of all of the directors by duly recording the reason thereof in the Minutes of the Meeting. In case of exigencies or urgency, Resolution/s may also be passed through circulation among Directors as per the provisions of the statutes/guidelines/Listing Regulations applicable to the Bank.

The agenda for the Board Meetings along with information relevant to the agenda shall be sent in writing or electronically to the Directors at least 7 days prior to the Meeting to facilitate informed decisions at the Meeting. In exceptional cases, agenda may also be sent to Directors 2 days prior to the Meeting. Further, any sensitive matter on the agenda, relevant information shall be made available only at the time of the Board Meeting as a table agenda. The Board Secretariat may circulate agenda matters in electronic medium through software specifically made available for conducting Board Meetings on iPAD or any other electronic device. Further, in view of the experience during pandemic times and the challenges faced by the bank during the past, specific measures are being taken to make the meeting experience completely digital, where entire process staring with submission of agenda item to the meeting to compliance of





directions on the said agenda will be in digital form. Thus, we may progress towards a complete paperless meetings of the board and Board level sub committees in times to come.

Attendance at Board Meetings 6.5

The Board Meetings shall be attended by the Directors and on invitation of the Board, by executives of the Bank who can provide an insight into the agenda items being discussed. All the Executive as well as Non-Executive Directors shall endeavour to attend all meetings of the Board.

In case a Director cannot attend a specific Board Meeting, he or she shall obtain leave of absence from the Board.

Any Director, upon notice, can participate in the Board through video conferencing or such other electronic means, as may be specified except for the agenda items which carry price sensitive information like adoption of financial results etc. However in exceptional cases, the directors can attend the meeting through video conferencing for adoption of financial result. However, it has also been advised by DFS that the meetings of the Board and Board level committees may now be conducted with physical presence of directors and provision for video-conferencing be used in exigencies (DFS notification F.no.15/47/2022-BO.I dated 20.12.2022).

All such meetings where any of the directors participate through video-conferencing shall be recorded using electronic recording mechanism. Such recordings shall be preserved as part of the records of the Bank at least before the time of completion of audit of that particular year as per Rule 3(2)(d) of the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014. Here we propose to retain such records till annual statutory audit of the Bank is completed and financial results for that particular year are declared.







If, for any reason, the Chairman is unable to attend a meeting of the Board, the Managing Director shall preside over that meeting and in absence of the Managing Director or in the event of the Chairman and the Managing Director being the same person, any other Director elected by the Directors present at the meeting from among themselves shall preside at the meeting.

6.6 Quorum

One third of the number of Directors, holding office as such Directors of the Board on the day of the meeting, subject to a minimum of three Directors.

6.7 Frequency

At least 6 times in a year and at least once in each quarter

6.8 Minutes of the Board Meeting

6.8.1. The draft minutes of all meetings of the Board shall be circulated as soon as possible from the date of the Board meeting to the Directors for their comments, if any. If no comments are received within two days, then draft minutes shall be placed before the chairman of the Board/committee for approval. The date of approval of the minutes by the Chairman/Chairperson of the Board/Board level subcommittee will be the date of signing of the minutes or the date on which approval is received through any electronic means, whichever is earlier,. The Chairman/chairperson shall initial each page of the minutes and sign the last page of the minutes with date of signing. The signed minutes will be presented to the Board/Board level subcommittee in the next meeting for Noting. This change is implemented by the Bank from January 2022 as corrective measure in response to the observation by the RBI SSM in their report dated 09.02.2022.

6.8.2. Contents of minutes.

The minutes should contain the names of All the Directors and invitees, if any, present in the meeting. The minutes should mention brief background of the proposal and the rationale for passing a decision or taking the decision. The names of the Directors who







dissented or abstained from the decision should be recorded. The minutes of all the meetings are preserved permanently.

6.8.3. Follow-up mechanism

All decisions/observations of the Board/Committee would be communicated to the concerned departments after the conclusion of the meeting generally not later than 3 working days. Action Taken Report on the directions up to the previous meeting(s) would be placed at the succeeding meeting (other than Management Committee and Credit Approval Committee) of the Board/Committee till its compliance. However, in case any additional meeting is scheduled other than that decided earlier, the action taken report will be placed in the regular meeting. In the case of M Com and CAC, the action taken report shall be placed at least once in two months so as to provide sufficient time for the directions to be complied with.

6.8.4. Secretarial Standards issued by ICSI

The Institute of Company Secretaries of India has issued 'Secretarial Standard'1 (SS-1) on Meetings of the Board of Directors and Secretarial Standard-2 (SS-2) on General Meetings. These secretarial standards have been made compulsory for the Companies registered under the companies Act. The companies Act is not applicable to the Bank but as a measure of good Corporate Governance, Bank shall adhere to the Secretarial Standard 1 & 2 to the extent it does not violate respective statutes and guidelines or directives issued by the relevant authorities for the Bank.

Ministry of Finance, Govt. of India in terms of their letter No.F.No.16/ 11/2015-B.O.I dated 17.06.2016 has stipulated that Directors appointed in terms of Section 9(3) of the Banking companies (acquisition and transfer of undertakings) Act, 1970 under any category, who are on the Management Committee/Credit Approval Committee shall not be on the Audit committee, in any capacity. However, this provision will not be







applicable in case of RBI Nominee Director, appointed under 9(3)(c) of the Act by virtue of their specific appointment order.

In terms of Ministry of Finance, Govt. of India letter no. F.No. 4/4/7015-BO.I(pt.) dated 30.10.2015, Non-Executive chairman shall not be in the Management committee/Credit Approval Committee.

6.9 Validity of Resolution without meeting of the Board (Through Circulation)

No resolution shall be deemed to have been duly passed by the Board or by a committee thereof by circulation, unless the resolution has been circulated in draft, together with the necessary papers, if any, to all the directors, or members of the committee, at their addresses registered with the company in India by hand delivery or by post or by courier, or through such electronic means and has been approved by a majority of the directors or members, who are entitled to vote on the resolution.

If not less than one-third of the total number of directors of the company for the time being requires that any resolution under circulation must be decided at a meeting, the chairperson shall put the resolution to be decided at a meeting of the Board.

A resolution passed by circulation shall be noted at a subsequent meeting of the Board and made part of the minutes of such meeting.

6.9.1 Procedure To Be Followed For Passing A Board Resolution By Circulation 6.9.1.1 Determine the mode of approval of Board

The Chairman of the Board or in his absence, the Managing Director or in their absence, any Director other than an Interested Director, shall decide, before the draft Resolution is circulated to all the Directors, whether the approval of the Board for a particular business shall be obtained by means of a Resolution by circulation.

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6.9.1.2 Draft of the Resolution and Note

- Draft of the resolution proposed to be passed by circulation and all other necessary papers to be prepared
- Each business proposed to be passed by way of Resolution by circulation shall carry a serial number and shall be explained by a note setting out the details of the proposal, relevant material facts that enable the Directors to understand the meaning, scope and implications of the proposal, the nature of concern or interest of any Director in the proposal, which the Director had earlier disclosed and the draft of the Resolution proposed.
- The note shall also indicate how a Director shall signify assent or dissent to the Resolution proposed and the date by which the Director shall respond.
- The last date given for responding shall not be more than seven days from the date of circulation of the draft resolution. However, additional two days shall be added for the service of the draft Resolution, in case the company has sent the same by speed post or by registered post or by courier.

6.9.1.3 Circulation of draft Resolution

- Circulate the draft of the resolution along with the necessary papers, individually, to all the directors including interested directors on the same day for seeking their approval, at their addresses registered with the Bank.
- The draft of the Resolution and the necessary papers shall be sent to the postal address or e-mail address registered by the Director with the Bank or in the absence of such details or any change thereto, any of the addresses appearing in the Director Identification Number (DIN) registration of the Director.







 Proof of sending and delivery of the draft of the Resolution and the necessary papers shall be maintained.

6.9.1.4 Obtain Assent or Dissent from Directors

- Directors shall signify their assent or dissent by signing the Resolution to be passed by circulation or by e-mail or any other electronic means.
- Directors shall append the date on which they have signed the Resolution. In case a Director does not append a date, the date of receipt by the Board Secretariat of the signed Resolution shall be taken as the date of signing.
- In case the Director does not respond on or before the last date specified for signifying assent or dissent, it shall be presumed that the Director has abstained from voting.

6.9.1.5 Disclosure of Interest by the Director

In cases where the interest of a Director is yet to be communicated to the company, the concerned Director shall disclose his interest before the last date specified for the response and abstain from voting.

6.9.1.6 Passing of Resolution

- The Resolution is passed when it is approved by a majority of the Directors entitled to vote on the Resolution.
- If the approval of the majority of Directors entitled to vote is not received by the last date specified for receipt of such approval, the Resolution shall be considered as not passed.
- The Resolution, if passed, shall be deemed to have been passed on the last date specified for signifying assent or dissent by the Directors or the date on which assent from more than two-third of the





Directors has been received, whichever is earlier, and shall be effective from that date, if no other effective date is specified in such Resolution.

In case not less than one-third of the Directors (including Interested Directors) wish the matter to be discussed and decided at a Meeting, each of the concerned Directors shall communicate the same before the last date specified for the response.

6.9.1.7 Noting of the Resolution passed by Circulation

Resolutions passed by circulation shall be noted at the next Meeting of the Board and the text thereof with dissent or abstention, if any, shall be recorded in the minutes of such meeting. Minutes shall also record the fact that the Interested Director did not vote on the Resolution.

6.9.1.8 Validity of Resolution passed by Circulation

Passing of Resolution by circulation shall be considered valid as if it had been passed at a duly convened Meeting of the Board.

6.9.2 Matters which cannot be passed through circulation

In order to have better oversight and control, matters which cannot be considered or passed through circulation are -

- a) To make calls on shares in respect of unpaid share capital of the Bank
- b) To issue debentures
- c) To borrow money otherwise than on debentures
- d) To invest the funds of the Bank
- e) To buy-back its own securities
- f) To make political contributions
- g) To fill casual vacancy in the Board.
- h) To make declaration of solvency with respect to voluntary winding up.
- i) To enter into joint venture and collaboration agreement.
- j) To commence a new business activity

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- k) To approve mergers and acquisitions
- To shift the location of plant or factory or a Registered Office.
- m) Adoption of Common Seal
- n) Forfeiture of shares.
- o) Noting of directors' interest.
- p) To approve quarterly, half-yearly and annual accounts.
- g) Annual operating Plans and Budgets.
- r) Any material default in financial obligations. .
- s) Sale of investments, subsidiaries or assets which is not in the normal course of business. .
- t) Any issue which involves possible public or product liability claims.
- u) Transactions that involve substantial payment towards Goodwill, Brand Equity, or intellectual Property.
- v) To make investment in shares of other companies beyond delegated powers
- w) Foreign exchange exposures and the steps taken by management to limit the risks of adverse exchange rate movements.

The above provisions of Resolution by Circulation shall also be applicable mutatis mutandis to the Committees of the Board.

Note: It may be clarified here that only Approval agenda items can be passed through Resolution by circulation and no information agenda item shall be circulated to the Board/Committees of the Board.

6.10 Calendar of Reviews

RBI vide its Circular dated 22.04.2008 and 10.11.2010 directed various reporting of Calendar of Reviews to the Board and Sub-Committees of the Board. Accordingly, the Board constituted 21 committees and various Calendar /Agenda are being reported to these committees. Further, RBI advised vide their circular dated 14.05.2015 to do away with the Calendar of Reviews (except for ACB) hitherto being







followed by the Bank and replaced the same with seven critical themes as prescribed by the Nayak Committee and left it to the Bank's Board to determine other list of items to be deliberated and the periodicity thereof.

The seven thematic parameters are -

- Business Strategy Development of new products; competitiveness of individual businesses; business reviews in relation to targets;
- Risk Policies concerning credit, operational, market, liquidity risks;
 assessing the independence of the risk function;
- Financial Reports and their integrity –Detailed scrutiny of quarterly and annual financial results; NPA management and reported NPA and provisioning integrity;
- iv. Compliance Regulatory requirements; adherence to RBI and SEBI norms; observations from the annual financial inspection by RBI, and from the Long Form Audit Report; review of decisions in previous minutes of meetings, and key decisions within subsidiaries; review of action taken reports; appointments to board committees;
- Customer protection Mis-selling, particularly third-party products; laying down the appropriateness of products to different customer segments; understanding the broad trends and concentration in the growth of customer grievances and their resolution;
- vi. Financial inclusion Review of priority sector lending; payments for the disadvantaged; deposit mobilization from weaker sections; support to microfinance institutions; and other issues;
- vii. Human Resources appointments and approvals of directors, perks and perquisites for employees, incentive schemes for employees, promotion policies for employees, training and skill development of employees.

Banks have also been advised by RBI to determine the agenda items keeping in mind the main focus on matters of strategic and financial importance for the meeting of the

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Board of Directors (Board Meetings) and the periodicity thereof with the approval of the Board

Considering the revised guidelines of RBI, reporting of various Calendar items were originally approved by the Board on 28.09.2015. However, in order to avoid duplication of reporting and to give more time to the Board and Sub-Committees of Board to focus on matters of strategic and financial importance based upon the seven broad themes as indicated above, it was considered necessary to revisit the Calendar of Reviews being submitted to the Board and Board Committees and accordingly the calendar of items was last reviewed by the Board in its meeting dated After the last review, we have been receiving various requests from verticals suggesting certain addition/ deletion of the calendar of reviews based on their current context and hence another comprehensive review exercise has been undertaken.

During this exercise, we have added one additional theme as suggested by the SSM team, i.e. Any other Matters of Concern, where regular reporting to Board, ACB, and other committees is done in respect of Office accounts, KYC AML, IT Audit, etc. the revised Calendar of Reviews has been captured under Annexure 4 enclosed to the policy.

6.11 **Board Secretariat**

Secretariat of the board, assists the board of directors for smooth functioning of the board as detailed above. The role and responsibilities of the Secretariat is dealt with separately in document called as Sstandard Operating Procedures for the Board Secretariat.







7. Board Level Sub-Committees

The Board of Directors of the Bank has constituted various committees of directors and / or executives to look into areas of strategic importance in terms of Reserve Bank of India / SEBI / Government of India Guidelines on Corporate Governance and Risk Management.

The important committees are as under:

- Management Committee of the Board
- 2. Audit Committee of the Board
- Directors Promotion Committee
- 4. Disciplinary Proceedings Committee of the Board
- Stakeholder's Relationship Committee
- 6. Share Transfer Committee
- 7. Committee of Directors for Monitoring of Large Value Frauds
- 8. Committee of Directors for Risk Management
- Committee of Directors for Evaluating Customer Service
- 10. IT Strategy & Digital Payment Promotion Committee
- 11. Nomination & Remuneration Committee of Directors
- Steering Committee of the Board on HR
- Review Committee for Willful Defaulters
- 14. Review Committee for declaration of Non Co-operative Borrower
- 15. Committee For Monitoring High Value NPAs And Loss Assets
- 16. Independent Directors' Committee of the Board
- 17. Corporate Social Responsibility Committee
- Board Committee for performance evaluation of Managing Director & CEOs/ Executive Directors/General Managers
- 19. Group Governance Unit Committee
- Credit Approval Committee of the Board
- 21. HLCC-I









In case of insufficient quorum and non-availability of composition of sub-committees of the Board, the agenda pertaining to these committees will be submitted to Board for approval/confirmation/reporting as per latest Gazette of India Notification CG-DL-E-27012021-224708 - Extraordinary - Part II - Section 3 - Sub-Section (ii) dated 27.01.2021 [Nationalized Banks (Management and Miscellaneous Provision) Scheme, 1970 - insertion of para 14A] and the same has been approved by Board through circulation on 09.02.2021.







CHARTER OF COMMITTEES

Management Committee of the Board: 8.1

Canasia	Constituted as per the provisions of Section 13 of the Nationalised
Genesis	Banks (Management and Miscellaneous Provisions) Scheme, 1970
Membership	In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 9 of the Banking Companies (Acquisition and Transfer of Undertakings) Act, 1970 (5 of 1970), the Central Government, after consultation with the Reserve Bank of India has revised composition of Management Committee of the Board. It comprises of (i) The Managing Director & CEO (ii) The Executive Director(s)
	(iii) RBI Nominee Director (Section 9(3) (c) and (iv) Three other part-time non-official directors nominated by the Board (Section 9(3)(e), (f), (h) and (i)), depending upon available strength of directors
	Directors nominated by the Board shall hold office for not more than one year at a time. In case the Board is of the opinion that circumstances exist which necessitate in the interest of proper management of the Bank, continuation of a Director so nominated beyond the period of one year, the Board may permit such Director to continue to hold office for such further period or periods not exceeding six months at a time, as it may specify. However, the total duration of such further period shall not exceed one year (as per DFS, MOF Notification dated 17.09.2019 & Gazette of India dt. 18.09.2019).
Scope of the	1 Marin (1900) (
Committee/ Terms of	financial sanctions, compromises/write off proposals and filing of suits/appeals etc except the following:







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ding							
ious							
references specified by the Delegation of Powers by the Bank							
erim							
MD							
the							
(as							
lised							
1970							
4 - Presence of at least one Non-Executive Director is							
i. Any matter other than the terms of reference will be escalated							
to the Board							
ii. In addition to the above, in case of insufficient quorum the							
d by							
Section 14A of The National Banks (Management &							
Miscellaneous Provisions) Scheme, 1970 inserted by S.O.366(E)							
dated 25.01.2021.							
iii. Any matter which has material impact on Bank's financial							
position, reputation, risk perception, governance should be							
ews/							
and							
and							

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8.2. Audit Committee of the Board:

Genesis	Constituted by the Board of Directors as per the guidelines of the
	Reserve Bank of India (RBI Notification
	dos.No.bc.14/Admn.919/16.13.100/95 dated 26.09.1995) and
	DFS, Govt. of India communication No.F.No.19/20/2008-BO-I
	dated 18.02.2008. Latest RBI circular issued vide
	DOR.GOV.REC.8/219.67.001/2021-22 dated 26.04.2021.
Membership	Only Non-Executive Directors i.e.
	i. Government Nominee Director
	ii. RBI Nominee Director
	iii. Directors appointed under sub section (g), (h) and (i) of Section
	(9)(3) of The Banking Companies (Acquisition and Transfer of
	Undertakings) Act, 1980
	Exclusions:
	i. Directors from staff will not be included
	ii. Chair of the Board shall not be a member
	iii. Director who is member of Management Committee (MCom)
	[exception to above is RBI Nominee Director]
	Invitees:
	i. All Executive Directors
	ii.Any other executives, if required by the Committee
	As per Regulation 18(1) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations
	and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 :
	Audit Committee shall have minimum 3 directors as members
	ii. 2/3 of the members shall be independent directors
	iii. All members shall be financially literate and at least one
	member shall have accounting or related financial
	management expertise.
	However, for Public Sector Banks, the instructions/guidelines
	from RBI would prevail over that of SEBI.







Scope of the Committee/ Terms of reference Powers

- a) Assist the Board in matters relating to applicable accounting or related financial expertise etc.
- b) Overall responsibility to prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and any applicable regulations
- c) Overseeing the financial reporting, and disclosure processes both on an annual and quarterly basis
- d) Set up procedures and processes to address all concerns relating to adequacy of checks and control mechanisms. However the audit committee has no obligation to provide any expert or other special assurance as to the Bank's financial statements
- e) Review of guarterly / annual financial statements by the Committee before placing the same to the Board
- f) Different types of inspections/audits conducted within the Bank, their periodicity and scheduling, coverage and quality to assure an effective internal audit function
- g) Review of the follow-up action on the reports, particularly of "unsatisfactory" branches, specialized branches and branches classified by the bank as Extra Large Branches
- h) Compliance with the inspection/audit reports of the RBI and reports of Statutory Auditors including Long Form Audit Reports and Management letters of the latter
- i) Accountability for unsatisfactory compliance of inspection reports, delay in compliance and non-rectification of deficiencies
- i) Omissions on the part of inspecting officials to detect serious irregularities (which came to light later)
- k) Periodical review of the accounting policies/systems in the bank with a view to ensuring greater transparency in the bank's accounts and adequacy of accounting controls
- Provide direction as also oversee the operation of the total audit function in the Bank. Total audit function will imply the organization, operationalization and quality control of

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	internal audit and inspection within the bank and follow up
	on the statutory external audit of the bank and inspections
	of RBI
	m) As regards internal audit, ACB should review the internal
	inspection/audit function in the bank - the system and its
	quality and effectiveness in terms of follow up. It should
	review the inspection reports of specialised and extra large
	branches and all branches with unsatisfactory ratings. It
	should also specifically focus on the Inter-Branch
	adjustment accounts, unreconciled long outstanding
-	entries in inter-bank accounts and nostro accounts, arrears
	in balancing of books at various branches, frauds and all
	other major areas of housekeeping.
	n) It should obtain and review half yearly reports from the
	Compliance officers appointed in the banks
	o) Regarding statutory auditors, ACB should follow up on all
	the issues raised in the Long Form Audit Report (LFAR)
	should interact with the external auditors before the
	finalization of the annual/semi annual financial accounts
	and reports.
	p) ACB should follow up on all the issues / concerns raised in
	the inspection reports of RBI
	 q) Clearance of various policies allocated to ACB
Chairperson	Non-Executive Director appointed under Section 9(3)(g) i.e.
	Chartered Accountant. In absence of director appointed under
	above section, any one of the members, other than the
	Government Nominee Director and the RBI nominee director,
	preferably with a qualification in Chartered Accountancy.
	Chair of the ACB shall not
	a. chair any other committee of the Board and
	b. shall not be a member of M.Com, CAC or any other committee
	having mandate of sanctioning credit exposure
Quorum	Three members (Non-Executive Director appointed under
Quorum	Three members (Non-Executive Director appointed under

Section 9(3)(g) i.e. Chartered Accountant and in absence of

Classification: Internal

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-	director appointed under above section, any one of the members with a qualification in Chartered Accountancy mandatory)
Periodicity	Once in each quarter, minimum 6 times in a year. Usually
	preceding the Board Meeting and not more than 120 days shall
	elapse between two successive meetings.
Escalation	i. Any matter other than the terms of reference will be escalated
Matrix /	to the Board
Reporting	ii. In addition to the above, in case of insufficient quorum the agenda of ACB may be taken to the Board as provided by Section
	14A of The National Banks (Management & Miscellaneous Provisions) Scheme, 1970 inserted by S.O.366(E) dated 25.01.2021.
	iii. Any matter which has material impact on Bank's financial
	position, reputation, risk perception, governance should be
	escalated to the Board
Calendar of	As per Annexure 4
Review	/ to por / time/care .

8.3. Directors Promotion Committee

Genesis	Constituted based on Ministry of Finance, Department of
	Financial services Notification F.No.4/3/1/2012-IR dated
	08.12.2016
Membership	i. Managing Director & CEO (senior most Executive Director in
	the absence of anyone occupying the post of MD & CEO)
	ii. Government Nominee Director
p =	iii. RBI Nominee Director
Scope of the	Selection Committee for promotion of officers from Scale VI to
Committee/	VII and from Scale VII to VIII
Terms of	
reference /	
Powers	
Chairperson	MD & CEO (senior most Executive Director in case of vacancy for
	the post of MD & CEO)

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Quorum		Three i.e., all the members must attend							
Periodicity		As and when required							
Escalation		No escalation matrix is prescribed due to focused terms of							
Matrix	1	reference. However in case any litigation in the process							
Reporting		conducted, the matter will be escalated to the Board							

8.4 Disciplinary Proceedings Committee of the Board

Genesis	Constituted based on the Department of Economic Affairs,
	Banking Division, Vigilance Section communication No.
	F.No.10/12/90/VIG/CVOs dated 24.01.1990 and the subsequent
	communication from Ministry of Finance, Department of Financial
	Services vide F.No. 4/3/1/2012-IR dated 08.12.2016.
Membership	i. Managing Director & CEO (senior most Executive Director in
	case of vacancy for the post of MD & CEO)
	ii. Government Nominee Director
	iii. RBI Nominee Director
	iv. Any two directors appointed under Section 9 (3) (h) & (i)
	depending upon available strength of directors
To the state of th	
Scope of the	Quarterly review of vigilance and non-vigilance cases
Committee/	2. Appeals and review petitions from officers in Scale VI and
Terms of	Scale VII in terms of Bank of India Officer Employees"
reference /	(Discipline & Appeals) Regulations, 1976
Powers	
Chairperson	MD & CEO (senior most Executive Director in case of vacancy for
-	the post of MD & CEO) In case any appeal has been received by
	the Committee where MD & CEO has been the Disciplinary
	Authority, he/she will recuse from the proceedings of the said
	agenda.
Quorum	Three
Periodicity	As and when required





Escalation	T	In	case	of	insufficien	t quo	rum	the	agend	la	of	Disci	iplinary
Matrix	1	Pro	ceedii	ng (Committee	may be	e take	en to	the Bo	ard	as	provi	ded by
Reporting		Sec	ction 1	4A	of the natio	nal Ba	nks (Mana	ageme	nt 8	k M	iscella	aneous
		Pro	vision	s)	Scheme,	1970	inse	erted	by S	S.O	.36	6(E)	dated
		25.	01.202	21.									*

8.5 Stakeholders' Relationship Committee:

Genesis	Constituted based on Regulation 20 of SEBI (Listing Obligations
	and Disclosure Requirements) 2015
Membership	At least three directors with one being an independent (Non- Executive) director The Company Secretary shall act as Secretary to this Committee
Scope of the Committee/ Terms of reference / Powers	i. To specifically look into various aspects of interest of shareholders, debenture holders and other security holders ii. Resolving the grievances of the security holders of the listed entity including complaints related to transfer/transmission o shares, non-receipt of annual report, non-receipt of declared dividends, issue of new/duplicate certificates, general meetings, etc. iii. Review of measures taken for effective exercise of voting rights by shareholders iv. Review of adherence to the service standards adopted by the listed entity in respect of various services being rendered by the Registrar & Share Transfer Agent v. Review of the various measures and initiatives taken by the listed entity for reducing the quantum of unclaimed dividends and ensuring timely receipt of dividend warrants/ annual reports/statutory notices by the shareholders of the company
Chairperson	Any Non-Executive Director to be nominated at the beginning of each meeting
Quorum	Two – presence of at least one Executive Director is mandatory
Periodicity	At least once in a year and as & when any matter is required to be taken up by the Committee

Classification: Internal



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Escalation Matrix Reporting	i. Any matter other than the terms of reference will be escalated to the Board ii. In addition to the above, in case of insufficient quorum the agenda of the Committee may be taken to the Board as provided by Section 14A of The National Banks (Management &
<i>j</i>	Miscellaneous Provisions) Scheme, 1970 inserted by S.O.366(E) dated 25.01.2021. iii. Any matter which has material impact on Bank's financial position, reputation, risk perception, governance should be escalated to the Board

8.6. Share Transfer Committee:

Genesis	Constituted as per Department of Economic Affairs, Ministry of
	Finance, Govt. of India Notification no.F.No.16/2/2001-B.O.I.
	dated 08.10.2003 and Bank of India (Shares and Meetings)
	Regulations, 2007
Membership	i. Managing Director & CEO (in his absence Executive Director)
	ii. Two Shareholder Directors
	The Company Secretary shall act as Secretary to this Committee
Scope of the	To consider and approve the cases of share
Committee/	transfer/transmission, issue of duplicate share certificates, etc.
Terms of	
reference /	
Powers	
Chairperson	Any Non-Executive Director to be nominated at the beginning of
	each meeting
Quorum	2 - presence of at least one Non-Executive Director is
	mandatory
Periodicity	As and when necessary
Escalation	i Any matter other than the terms of reference will be escalated to
Matrix /	the Board ii. In addition to the above, in case of insufficient quorum the
Reporting	agenda of the Committee may be taken to the Board as provided
	by Section 14A of The National Banks (Management &
	by Section 14A of the National Banks (Management &

Classification: Internal

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		Miscellaneous Provisions) Scheme, 1970 inserted by S.O.366(E)
		dated 25.01.2021.
Calendar Review	of	Reconciliation of Share Capital Audit of All Listed Companies/ Listed Banks - Reporting for every quarter by Investor Relations Department

8.7. Committee of Directors for Monitoring of Large Value Frauds:

Genesis	Constituted as per RBI Letter no DBS.FGV(F)					
a w en	No.1004/23.04.01A/2003-04 dated 14.01.2004					
Membership	i. Chairman ii. Managing Director &CEO iii. Executive Directors iv. Government Nominee Director v. Atleast two non-executive directors of the Bank.					
Scope of the Committee/ Terms of	Monitoring and review all the frauds of Rs.1 crore and above so as to i. Identify the systemic lacunas if any that facilitated					
reference /	perpetration of the fraud and put in place measures to plug the same;					
Powers	 ii. Identify the reasons for delay in detection, if any, reporting to top management of the bank and RBI; iii. Monitor progress of CBI/Police investigation and recovery position end. 					
	 iv. Ensure that staff accountability is examined at all levels in all cases of frauds and staff side action, if required, is completed quickly without loss of time; v. Review the efficacy of the remedial action taken to prevent recurrence of frauds, such as strengthening of internal controls vi. Put in place other measures as may be considered relevant to strengthen preventive measures against fraud 					
Chairperson	Any Non-Executive Director to be nominated at the beginning of					
Quorum	each meeting The guidelines have not prescribed any quorum for this committee. However, we propose the quorum to be THREE where presence of at least one non-executive director will be necessary					
Periodicity	As and when required.					





Escalation Matrix / Reporting	As per RBI guidance, periodicity may be decided according to the number of cases involved. The Committee should meet and review as and when a fraud involving an amount of Rs.1 crore and above comes to light. However due to constraints on availability of directors, Bank has been reporting the incidence of fraud to the Committee through circulation and subsequently taken up again through meeting held every quarter. i. Any matter other than the terms of reference will be escalated to the Board ii. In addition to the above, in case of insufficient quorum the agenda of the Committee may be taken to the Board as provided by Section 14A of The National Banks (Management & Miscellaneous Provisions) Scheme, 1970 inserted by S.O.366(E) dated 25.01.2021 iii. Any matter which has material impact on Bank's financial position, reputation, risk perception, governance should be escalated to the Board
Calendar of Review	As per Annexure 4

8.8. Committee of Directors for Risk Management:

Genesis	Constituted	as	per	latest	RBI	circular
	DOR.GOV.F	EC.8/219.6	7.001/20	021-22 date	d 26.04.20	021.
Membership	 i. MD & CEO ii. At least One Executive Director iii. At least two Non-Executive Directors ✓ To be constituted with a majority of Non-Executive Directors. ✓ At least one member shall have professional expertise / qualification in risk management ✓ Chair of the Board may be a member only if he/she has the requisite risk management expertise 					
Scope of the	i. Monit	oring and re	eviewing	of the risk r	manageme	ent plan
Committee/					m fit inclu	iding cyber
Terms of		ity, as deleg				
	88341					which shall
	includ	e a frame	work fo	r identifica	tion of in	iternal and









external risks specifically faced by the listed entity, in reference operational, particular including financial, **Powers** sustainability (particularly, ESG related risks), information, cyber security risks or any other risk as may be determined by the Committee, Measures for risk mitigation including systems and processes for internal control of identified risks and Business continuity plan. To ensure that appropriate methodology, processes and iv. systems are in place to monitor and evaluate risks associated with the business of the Company: To monitor and oversee implementation of the risk ٧. management policy, including evaluating the adequacy of risk management systems; To periodically review the risk management policy, at least vi once in two years, including by considering the changing industry dynamics and evolving complexity; To keep the board of directors informed about the nature VII. and content of its discussions, recommendations and actions to be taken: The appointment, removal and terms of remuneration of viii. the Chief Risk Officer (if any) shall be subject to review by the Risk Management Committee. The Risk Management Committee shall coordinate its ix. activities with other committees, in instances where there is any overlap with activities of such committees, as per the framework laid down by the board of directors To overs all risk management activities of the Bank X. identifying underlying includina risks perceptions. risk assessment and prescribing quantification methodologies, fixing tolerance level for risk exposures, guiding the line management on risk management and mitigation techniques. xi. The Committee also examines policy guidelines and studies various risks including credit, market operational etc and suggest measures to instigate the risks. Chairperson Any Non-Executive Director to be nominated at the beginning of each meeting However Chairperson shall not be Chair of the

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	Board or any other Committee of the Board (possible to be complied with only after availability of full strength of directors).
Quorum	Three – (presence of at least one Non-Executive Director is mandatory)
Periodicity	Once in each quarter
Escalation Matrix / Reporting	i. Any matter other than the terms of reference will be escalated to the Board ii. In addition to the above, in case of insufficient quorum the agenda of the Committee may be taken to the Board as provided by Section 14A of The National Banks (Management & Miscellaneous Provisions) Scheme, 1970 inserted by S.O.366(E) dated 25.01.2021. iii. Any matter which has material impact on Bank's financial position, reputation, risk perception, governance should be escalated to the Board
Calendar of	i. As per Annexure 4
Review	

8.9. Committee of Directors for Evaluating Customer Service

Genesis	Constituted as per RBI communication dated 14.08.2004 and RBI					
	Master Circular DBR No Leg .BC.21/09.07.006/2015016 dated					
	01.07.2015 & DFS Notification No F.No.16/18/2015-B.O.I/FTS-					
	72700 dated 23.02.2015					
Membership	i. Managing Director & CEO					
	ii. Executive Directors					
	iii. Government Nominee Director (as per DFS					
	communication dated 23.02.2015)					
	iv. At least one Non-Executive director.					
	Internal Ombudsman will be invitee for the meeting.					
Scope of the	> To formulate policies and assess the compliance thereof					
Committee/	internally with a view to strengthening the corporate					
Terms of	governance structure in the banking system					
reference /						
Powers						











	> To bring about ongoing improvements in the quality of
	customer service provided by the banks.
	To evaluate the level of customer services in the Bank
	Formulation of a Comprehensive Deposit Policy
	> Address issues such as the treatment of death of a
	depositor for operations of his account
	> Product approval process with a view to suitability and
-	appropriateness
	 Annual survey of depositor satisfaction
	> Triennial audit of such services
	Examine any other issues having a bearing on the quality
	of customer service rendered
	> Play a more pro-active role with regard to
	complaints/grievances resolved by Banking Ombudsman
	of the various states.
•	> The committee invites customers for their valued
	suggestions for improvement in customer service.
Chairnaraan	Non-Executive Director to be nominated at the beginning of each
Chairperson	meeting
Quorum	Three
Periodicity	Quarterly
Escalation	i. Any matter other than the terms of reference will be escalated to
Matrix /	the Board ii. In addition to the above, in case of insufficient quorum the
Reporting	agenda of the Committee may be taken to the Board as provided
	by Section 14A of The National Banks (Management &
	Miscellaneous Provisions) Scheme, 1970 inserted by S.O.366(E)
	dated 25.01.2021.
	iii. Any matter which has material impact on Bank's financial
	position, reputation, risk perception, governance should be
	escalated to the Board









Calendar of	As per ANNEXURE 4
Review	

8.10. IT Strategy & Digital Payment Promotion Committee:

Genesis	IT Strategy Committee was constituted as per Section 14 of the Nationalized Banks Management & Miscellaneous Provisions Scheme, 1970 and Digital Payment Promotion Committee was constituted as per Ministry of Electronics & Information Technology GOI File No.12(11)/2017-DPD-Mcity dated 31.08.2017 and IBA directive dated 04.08.2017 and 12.09.2017. Unification of IT Strategy and Digital Payment Promotion Committee was made in lines with DFS Notification F.No.16/19/2019-BO.I dated 30.08.2019. Further in terms of DFS guidance No F.No 01/18/2017-CS dated 06.06.2018, Govt. Nominee Director will participate in this meeting specifically for cyber security policies. Latest RBI circular DoS.CO.CSITEG/SEC.7/31.01.015/2023-24 dated 07.11.2023				
Membership	i. MD & CEO				
	ii. Executive Directors				
	iii. Government Nominee Director*and				
	iv. At least Two Non-Executive directors v. IT professional functioning as expert consultant				
1	All the members shall be technically competent i.e. Technically				
	competent herein will mean the ability to understand and evaluate information systems and associated IT/ cyber risks				
	* In terms of guidelines given by Department of Economic Affairs vide F.No.01/18/2017-CS dated 6 th June, 2018, the Government Nominee Director was suggested to be nominated as member in the IT Strategy Committee which monitors Cyber Security Policy and hence he would contribute only for the policies pertaining to cyber security and other such matters.				
Scope of the	The Board/ IT Strategy Committee shall, inter alia:				
Committee/	i. Ensure that Bank has put an effective IT strategic planning				
Terms of	process in place				
reference /	ii. Guide in preparation of IT Strategy, containing over-all				
Powers	strategy of the Bank vis-à-vis adoption of IT, and ensure that the IT Strategy aligns with the overall strategy of the Bank towards accomplishment of its business objectives				
	iii. Be satisfied that the IT Governance and Information Security Governance structure fosters accountability, is effective and efficient, has well defined objectives and				

Classification: Internal

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- unambiguous responsibilities for each organisation:
- Ensure putting in place processes for assessing and managing IT risks, including cyber security risks;
- Ensure that the budgetary allocations for the IT function (including for IT security) are commensurate with the RE's IT maturity, digital depth, threat environment and industry standards and are utilised in a manner intended for meeting the stated objectives
- Have responsibility and oversight over the Business vi. Continuity Planning and Disaster Recovery Management of the RE
- vii. Assist the Board/ IT Strategy Committee in strategic IT planning, oversight of IT performance, and aligning IT activities with business needs
- viii. Update Board/ IT Strategy Committee and CEO periodically on the activities of IT Steering Committee
- Oversee the business continuity planning process ix. including determining how it will manage and control identified risks as well as prioritise critical business functions; putting in place a framework/ mechanism for effective Disaster Recovery Management;
- Define IT project success measures and follow up progress X. on IT projects
- Ensure compliance with technology standards and xi. quidelines
- Ensure implementation of a robust IT architecture meeting XII. statutory and regulatory compliance
- Approving IT strategy and policy documents xiii.
- xiv. Ensuring that the management has put an effective strategic planning process in place
- Ratifying that the business strategy is indeed aligned with XV. IT strategy
- Ensuring that the IT organizational structure complements xvi. the business model and its direction

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xvii.	Ascertaining that management has implemented processes and practices that ensure that the IT delivers value to the business
xviii.	Ensuring IT investments represent a balance of risks and benefits and that budgets are acceptable
xix.	Monitoring the method that management uses to determine the IT resources needed to achieve strategic goals and provide high-level direction for sourcing and use of IT resources
xx.	Ensuring proper balance of IT investments for sustaining bank's growth
xxi.	Becoming aware about exposure towards IT risks and controls and evaluating effectiveness of management's monitoring of IT risks
xxii.	Assessing Senior Management's performance in implementing IT strategies
xxiii.	Issuing high-level policy guidance (e.g. related to risk, funding, or sourcing tasks)
xxiv.	Confirming whether IT or business architecture is to be designed, so as to derive the maximum business value from IT
XXV.	Overseeing the aggregate funding of IT at a bank-level, and ascertaining if the management has resources to ensure the proper management of IT risks
xxvi.	Reviewing IT performance measurement and contribution of IT to businesses (i.e., delivering the promised value)
xvii.	Defining project priorities and assessing strategic fit for IT proposals
xviii.	Performing portfolio reviews for continuing strategic relevance
xxix.	Reviewing, approving and funding initiatives, after assessing value-addition to business process
XXX.	Balancing between investment for support and growth
xxxi.	Ensuring that all critical projects have a component for "project risk management"

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	oxxii.	Sponsoring or assisting in governance, risk and control framework, and also directing and monitoring key IT Governance processes
•	xxiii.	Defining project success measures and following up progress on IT projects
	xxiv.	Consult and advice on the selection of technology within standards
	XXV.	Advice on infrastructure products
	xxvi.	Provide direction relating to technology standards and practices
-0	cxvii.	Ensure that vulnerability assessments of new technology is performed
	xviii.	Verify compliance with technology standards and guidelines
	xxix.	Consult and advice on the application of architecture guidelines
	xl.	Ensure compliance to regulatory and statutory requirements
	xli.	Provide direction to IT architecture design and ensure that the IT architecture reflects the need for legislative and regulatory compliance, the ethical use of information and business continuity
Chairperson	Any N	on-Executive Director to be nominated at the beginning of
		meeting .The Chairperson shall be an independent director
		have substantial IT expertise in managing/ guiding
		nation technology initiatives - Substantial IT expertise means erson has a minimum of seven years of experience in
		ging information systems and/or leading/ guiding
		ology/ cybersecurity initiatives/ projects. Such a member
		d also understand the business processes at a broader level
÷	and th	ne impact of IT on such processes
Quorum	Three	- Presence of at least one Non-Executive Director is
	manda	
Periodicity	Quart	erly

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Reporting	Any matter other than the terms of reference will be escalated to the Board ii. In addition to the above, in case of insufficient quorum the agenda of the Committee may be taken to the Board as provided by Section 14A of The National Banks (Management & Miscellaneous Provisions) Scheme, 1970 inserted by S.O.366(E) dated 25.01.2021. iii. Any matter which has material impact on Bank's financial position, reputation, risk perception, governance should be escalated to the Board
Calendar of Review	i. As per Annexure 4

8.11. Nomination & Remuneration Committee of Directors:

Genesis	Unification of Nomination and Remuneration Committee (NRC) made as per RBI Master Direction DBR. Appt. No.9 /29.67.001 /2019-20 Ref. No. RBI/DBR/2019-20/71 dated 02.08.2019. Latest RBI circular issued vide DOR.GOV.REC.8/219.67.001/2021-22 dated 26.04.2021.
Membership	i. Shareholder Directors of the Bank ii. Two other Non-Executive directors of which one member from Risk Management Committee iii. Govt. Nominee Director (As per RBI communication DOR.Appt.No.543/08.03.001/2020-21 dated 19.09.2020, Bank is permitted to have Govt. Nominee Director as a member of the Committee in case of non-sufficiency of quorum).
Scope of the Committee/ Terms of reference / Powers	The Committee undertaking a process of due diligence to determine the 'Fit and Proper' status of the persons to be elected as Directors by minority shareholders under Sub-Section (c) of Section 9 of the Banking Companies (Acquisition and Transfer of Undertakings) Act, 1970/1980. In terms of Board approval dated 17.09.2022, NRC is also competent authority of whole Time Directors, who are not on present Board.
Chairperson	Any Non-Executive Director, to be nominated at the beginning of each meeting. Chair of the Board shall not chair the NRC
Quorum	Three
Periodicity	As and when required
Escalation Matrix /	i. Any matter other than the terms of reference will be escalated to the Board
Reporting	ii. In addition to the above, in case of insufficient quorum the agenda of the Committee may be taken to the Board as provided

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by Section 14A of The National Banks (Management &
Miscellaneous Provisions) Scheme, 1970 inserted by S.O.366(E)
dated 25.01.2021.

8.12. Steering Committee of the Board on HR:

Genesis	Constituted as per DFS, MOF, GOI Communication F. No.9/18/2009-IR dated 21.10.2011
Membership	i. ii.Managing Director &CEO iii.Executive Directors iv.Government Nominee Director (as per DFS communication dated 23.02.2015) v.Two non-executive directors (of which one director should have experience in Human Resource Management or be an HR Professional). Presently, bank has also engaged an HR Expert.
Scope of the Committee/ Terms of reference / Powers	To consider critical issues on HR, review HRM Plan and related policies on HR on the lines suggested by the Khandelwal
Chairperson	Any Non-Executive Director to be nominated at the beginning of each meeting,
Quorum	Three
Periodicity	As and when necessary
Escalation Matrix /	 i. Any matter other than the terms of reference will be escalated to the Board
Reporting	ii. In addition to the above, in case of insufficient quorum the agenda of the Committee may be taken to the Board as provided by Section 14A of The National Banks (Management & Miscellaneous Provisions) Scheme, 1970 inserted by S.O.366(E) dated 25.01.2021. iii. Any matter which has material impact on Bank's financial position, reputation, risk perception, governance should be escalated to the Board
Calendar of Review	None









8.13 Review Committee for Declaration of Wilful Defaulters

Genesis	Constituted as per RBI guidelines vide DBR No. CID/BC/22/20.16.003/2015-16 dated 01 07.2015.
Membership	i. Chairman or Managing Director & CEO ii. Two non-executive directors
Scope of the Committee/ Terms of reference / Powers	To declare those borrowers as Wilful Defaulters who are identified by the Identification Committee.
Chairperson	Chairman or Managing Director & CEO
Quorum	Three
Periodicity	As and when necessary
Escalation Matrix /	i. Any matter other than the terms of reference will be escalated to the Board
Reporting	ii. In addition to the above, in case of insufficient quorum the agenda of the Committee may be taken to the Board as provided by Section 14A of The National Banks (Management & Miscellaneous Provisions) Scheme, 1970 inserted by S.O.366(E) dated 25.01.2021. iii. Any matter which has material impact on Bank's financial
	position, reputation, risk perception, governance should be escalated to the Board
Calendar of Review	None

8.14 Review Committee for declaration of Non Co-operative Borrower

Genesis	Constituted as per RBI Circular RBI/2014-15/362 - DBR No.CID.BC.54/20.16.064/2014-15 dated 22.12.2014
Membership	i. Chairman or Managing Director & CEO ii. Two non-executive directors
Scope of the Committee/ Terms of reference / Powers	To confirm the decision of Identification Committee in respect of Non-Co-operative Borrower
Chairperson	Chairman or Managing Director & CEO
Quorum	Three
Periodicity	As and when necessary

Classification: Internal

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Facalation	i. Any matter other than the terms of reference will be
Matrix /	escalated to the Board
Reporting	ii. In addition to the above, in case of insufficient quorum the
	agenda of the Committee may be taken to the Board as
	provided by Section 14A of The National Banks
	(Management & Miscellaneous Provisions) Scheme, 1970
	inserted by S.O.366(E) dated 25.01.2021.
	iii. Any matter which has material impact on Bank's financial
	position, reputation, risk perception, governance should be
	escalated to the Board
Calendar of	None
Review	

8.15 Committee for Monitoring High Value NPAs and Loss Assets:

Genesis	Constituted in terms of DFS communication F. No.7/112/2012-BOA dated 21.11.2012
Membership	i. Chairman or Managing Director & CEO
•	ii. Executive Directors
	iii.Government Nominee Director
	iv. One Non-Executive Director under Section 9(3)(h) or 9(3)(i)
Scope of the	The committee was constituted for monitoring High Value NPAs
Committee/	and Loss Assets - to monitor Recovery & Review of Top 30 NPAs.
Terms of	and the set of the set
reference /	
Powers	
Chairperson	Any one of the non-executive directors under Section 9(3)(h) or
	9(3)(i) to be nominated at the beginning of each meeting
Quorum	Three
Periodicity	The guidance on this committee states periodicity is monthly.
	However, Board on 08.02.2019 has approved periodicity to be bi-
	monthly
Escalation	i. Any matter other than the terms of reference will be escalated to
Matrix /	the Board
Reporting	ii. In addition to the above, in case of insufficient quorum the
	agenda of the Committee may be taken to the Board as provided
	by Section 14A of The National Banks (Management &
** :-	Miscellaneous Provisions) Scheme, 1970 inserted by S.O.366(E)
	dated 25.01.2021.
	iii. Any matter which has material impact on Bank's financial
12	position, reputation, risk perception, governance should be
	escalated to the Board
Calendar of	- (/
Review	provisioning integrity

Classification: Internal

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(ii). Analysis of top 5 sector of high NPA and strategy to reduce the same (iii). NPA (International) NPA Management and reported NPA
and provisioning integrity (iv). Bank's exposure to Sensitive sectors i.e. Capital Market & Real Estate, Position of NPA thereof
2. Review of Position of DRT cases

8.16 Independent Directors' Committee of the Board:

Genesis	Constituted as mandated in SEBI – LODR 2015 and as assigned	
	by the Board of Directors of the Bank.	
Membership	Directors appointed under Section 9 (3) (g), (h) & (i)	
Scope of the Committee/	 Review the performance of non-independent directors and the Board as a whole; 	
	ii. Review the performance of the Chairperson of the	
Terms of reference / Powers	company, taking into account the views of executive directors and non-executive directors;	
I OWEIS	iii. Assess the quality, quantity and timelines of flow of	
	information between the company management and	
	the Board to effectively and reasonably perform their	
	duties.	
Chairperson	Any Non-Executive Director to be nominated at the beginning of	
Ondirporden	each meeting	
Quorum	All the directors	
Periodicity	Once in six months	
Escalation	i. Any matter other than the terms of reference will be escalated to	
Matrix /	the Board	
Reporting	ii.Any matter which has material impact on Bank's financial	
	position, reputation, risk perception, governance should be escalated to the Board	
Calendar of	None	
Review		

8.17 Corporate Social Responsibility Committee

Genesis	Constituted in compliance with GOI CSR guidelines under Section 135 of the Companies Act 2013
Membership	i. Managing Director & CEO ii. Executive Directors iii. Three Non-Executive Directors, depending upon available strength of the directors









Scope of the Committee/	a. formulate the policy on CSR and recommend it to the Board for
Terms of	approval;
reference /	b. Indicate the activities to be undertaken by the Bank under
Powers	Corporate Social Responsibility Policy from time to time and
	allocate budget for various CSR activities;
	c. Review and monitor the Corporate Social Responsibility Policy
	of the Bank;
Chairperson	Any Non-Executive Director to be nominated at the beginning of each meeting
Quorum	Three- Presence of at least one Non-executive Director is mandatory
Periodicity	No frequency defined. We propose half yearly meeting after quarterly results
Escalation /	i. Any matter other than the terms of reference will be escalated to the Board
Reporting	ii. In addition to the above, in case of insufficient quorum the agenda of the Committee may be taken to the Board as provided by Section 14A of The National Banks (Management & Miscellaneous Provisions) Scheme, 1970 inserted by S.O.366(E) dated 25.01.2021.
	iii. Any matter which has material impact on Bank's financial position, reputation, risk perception, governance should be escalated to the Board
Calendar of	None
Review	

8.18 Board Committee for performance evaluation of Managing Director & CEOs/ Executive Directors/General Managers

Genesis	Constituted as per GOI, MOF, DFS directive F.No.9/5/2009-IR dated 30.08.2019 and F.No. 9/5/2009-IR (Pt.II) dated 23.03.2021
Membership	Non-Executive Chairman and in case of vacancy in the said office, the Chairperson of the Audit Committee of the Board ii. Government Nominee Director iii. Shareholder director who has served on the bank's Board for
	In case the same director is a member on the said committee by
	virtue of coming under two categories (e.g. being the Chairperson of the ACB as well as the longest serving shareholder director), the Bank's Board may include another Non-Executive Director as a member on the committee

Classification: Internal

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Bank's Corporate Governance Policy







Scope of the Committee/ Terms of reference / Powers	 i. To evaluate recording of Annual Performance Appraisal Reports of Managing Director & CEOs/Executive Directors/Chief General Managers/ General Managers ii. Laying down the key performance indicator (KPI) towards the performance appraisal Managing Director & CEOs/Executive Directors/Chief General Managers/ General Managers iii. As per the DFS notification No F.No.9/5/2009-IR dated 06.02.2023, the Committee shall be - the reporting authority, reviewing authority and accepting authority for the MD &CEO reviewing authority & accepting authority for Executive Directors Accepting Authority for CGM/GM in charge of Internal Control functions (Risk, Compliance & Audit)
Chairperson	Any Non-Executive Director except the Government Nominee Director and the director who is chairing ACB
Quorum	Three
Periodicity	As & when necessary
Escalation Matrix / Reporting	i. Any matter other than the terms of reference will be escalated to
Calendar of Review	None

8.19 Group Governance Unit Committee

Genesis	Constituted as per SEBI Circular No. SEB! /HO/CFD/CMD/CIR/P/2018/79 dated 10.05.2018. However, the other parameters have been as per the Board Approved policy dated 03.12.2021
Membership	i. MD&CEO
	ii. Executive Directors
	iii. Share Holder Directors iv. Part-Time Non-Official Directors

Classification: Internal

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Bank's Corporate Governance Policy







Scope of the Committee/ Terms of reference / Powers	subsidiaries/associates/ joint venture and Regional Rural Banks,
Chairperson	Any Non-Executive Director to be nominated at the beginning of each meeting, as decided by the Board on 01.10.2022
Quorum	One half of the total strength or three directors, whichever is more – Presence of at least one Non-Executive Director is mandatory
Periodicity	As & when necessary/ quarterly
Escalation Matrix /	i. Any matter other than the terms of reference will be escalated to the Board
Reporting	ii. In addition to the above, in case of insufficient quorum the agenda of the Committee may be taken to the Board as provided by Section 14A of The National Banks (Management & Miscellaneous Provisions) Scheme, 1970 inserted by S.O.366(E) dated 25.01.2021. iii. Any matter which has material impact on Bank's financial position, reputation, risk perception, governance should be escalated to the Board
Calendar of	l
Review	As per Annexure 4

8.20. Credit Approval Committee of the Board:

of India, Ministry of Finance, Department of Financial Services, New Delhi, vide their communication reference No.13/1/2006-BO.1 dated 31st January 2012 Membership (i) Managing Director & CEO (ii) The Executive Director(s) (iii) CGM / General Manager (Risk Management) and/or Chief Risk Officer (iv) CGM / General Manager (Finance) and/or Chief Financial Officer (v) CGM / General Manager (Credit) Scope of the Committee/ Terms of Roard approval Committee exercises the powers of the Board in respect of any single credit proposal up to Rs. 600 crore (Board approval dated 21.01.2020). However, as per GOI, MOF, Powers OFS Notification No.F No.16/22/2019-BO.I dated 17.09.2019, Para 2(ii)(B)(a), the CAC will exercise powers of the Board with regard to credit proposals upto Rs.800 crore in case of Banks		
Membership (i) Managing Director & CEO (ii) The Executive Director(s) (iii) CGM / General Manager (Risk Management) and/or Chief Risk Officer (iv) CGM / General Manager (Finance) and/or Chief Financial Officer (v) CGM / General Manager (Credit) Scope of the Committee/ Terms of Roard approval Committee exercises the powers of the Board in respect of any single credit proposal up to Rs. 600 crore (Board approval dated 21.01.2020). However, as per GOI, MOF, DFS Notification No.F No.16/22/2019-BO.I dated 17.09.2019, Para 2(ii)(B)(a), the CAC will exercise powers of the Board with regard to credit proposals upto Rs.800 crore in case of Banks	Genesis	Constituted in accordance with the directions of the Government of India, Ministry of Finance, Department of Financial Services, New Delhi, vide their communication reference No.13/1/2006-
(iii) The Executive Director(s) (iii) CGM / General Manager (Risk Management) and/or Chief Risk Officer (iv) CGM / General Manager (Finance) and/or Chief Financial Officer (v) CGM / General Manager (Credit) Scope of the Committee/ Terms of Roard in respect of any single credit proposal up to Rs. 600 crore (Board approval dated 21.01.2020). However, as per GOI, MOF, DFS Notification No.F.No.16/22/2019-BO.I dated 17.09.2019, Para 2(ii)(B)(a), the CAC will exercise powers of the Board with regard to credit proposals upto Rs.800 crore in case of Banks		
(iii) CGM / General Manager (Risk Management) and/or Chief Risk Officer (iv) CGM / General Manager (Finance) and/or Chief Financial Officer (v) CGM / General Manager (Credit) Scope of the Committee/ Terms of (Board approval dated 21.01.2020). However, as per GOI, MOF, DFS Notification No.F.No.16/22/2019-BO.I dated 17.09.2019, Para 2(ii)(B)(a), the CAC will exercise powers of the Board with regard to credit proposals upto Rs.800 crore in case of Banks	Membership	(i) Managing Director & CEO
Risk Officer (iv) CGM / General Manager (Finance) and/or Chief Financial Officer (v) CGM / General Manager (Credit) Scope of the Committee/ Terms of General Manager (Credit) The Credit Approval Committee exercises the powers of the Board in respect of any single credit proposal up to Rs. 600 crore (Board approval dated 21.01.2020). However, as per GOI, MOF, DFS Notification No.F No.16/22/2019-BO.I dated 17.09.2019, Para 2(ii)(B)(a), the CAC will exercise powers of the Board with regard to credit proposals upto Rs.800 crore in case of Banks		(ii) The Executive Director(s)
Risk Officer (iv) CGM / General Manager (Finance) and/or Chief Financial Officer (v) CGM / General Manager (Credit) Scope of the Committee/ Terms of General Manager (Credit) The Credit Approval Committee exercises the powers of the Board in respect of any single credit proposal up to Rs. 600 crore (Board approval dated 21.01.2020). However, as per GOI, MOF, DFS Notification No.F No.16/22/2019-BO.I dated 17.09.2019, Para 2(ii)(B)(a), the CAC will exercise powers of the Board with regard to credit proposals upto Rs.800 crore in case of Banks		(iii) CGM / General Manager (Risk Management) and/or Chief
Officer (v) CGM / General Manager (Credit) Scope of the Committee/ Terms of (Board approval dated 21.01.2020). However, as per GOI, MOF, DFS Notification No.F No.16/22/2019-BO.I dated 17.09.2019, Para 2(ii)(B)(a), the CAC will exercise powers of the Board with regard to credit proposals upto Rs.800 crore in case of Banks		
Officer (v) CGM / General Manager (Credit) Scope of the Committee/ Terms of (Board approval dated 21.01.2020). However, as per GOI, MOF, DFS Notification No.F No.16/22/2019-BO.I dated 17.09.2019, Para 2(ii)(B)(a), the CAC will exercise powers of the Board with regard to credit proposals upto Rs.800 crore in case of Banks		(iv) CGM / General Manager (Finance) and/or Chief Financial
(v) CGM / General Manager (Credit) Scope of the Committee/ Terms of (Board approval dated 21.01.2020). However, as per GOI, MOF, powers Powers (v) CGM / General Manager (Credit) The Credit Approval Committee exercises the powers of the Board in respect of any single credit proposal up to Rs. 600 crore (Board approval dated 21.01.2020). However, as per GOI, MOF, DFS Notification No.F.No.16/22/2019-BO.I dated 17.09.2019, Para 2(ii)(B)(a), the CAC will exercise powers of the Board with regard to credit proposals upto Rs.800 crore in case of Banks		
Terms of reference / Powers Board in respect of any single credit proposal up to Rs. 600 crore (Board approval dated 21.01.2020). However, as per GOI, MOF, DFS Notification No.F No.16/22/2019-BO.I dated 17.09.2019, Para 2(ii)(B)(a), the CAC will exercise powers of the Board with regard to credit proposals upto Rs.800 crore in case of Banks		(v) CGM / General Manager (Credit)
Terms of reference / Powers Board in respect of any single credit proposal up to Rs. 600 crore (Board approval dated 21.01.2020). However, as per GOI, MOF, DFS Notification No.F No.16/22/2019-BO.I dated 17.09.2019, Para 2(ii)(B)(a), the CAC will exercise powers of the Board with regard to credit proposals upto Rs.800 crore in case of Banks	Scope of the	The Credit Approval Committee exercises the powers of the
Terms of (Board approval dated 21.01.2020). However, as per GOI, MOF, reference / DFS Notification No.F.No.16/22/2019-BO.I dated 17.09.2019, Para 2(ii)(B)(a), the CAC will exercise powers of the Board with regard to credit proposals upto Rs.800 crore in case of Banks	Committee/	
reference / DFS Notification No.F No.16/22/2019-BO.I dated 17.09.2019, Powers Para 2(ii)(B)(a), the CAC will exercise powers of the Board with regard to credit proposals upto Rs.800 crore in case of Banks	Terms of	
Powers Para 2(ii)(B)(a), the CAC will exercise powers of the Board with regard to credit proposals upto Rs.800 crore in case of Banks	reference /	
regard to credit proposals upto Rs.800 crore in case of Banks	Powers	
		having total business of more than Rs.10 lakh crore.

Classification: Internal

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Chairperson	MD & CEO (In case of vacancy of post of MD & CEO, the Senior
	most ED)
Quorum	3 – MD & CEO & one of the ED is mandatory
Periodicity	As and when necessary
Escalation	i. Limits in excess of Rs.800 crore shall be considered by the
Matrix /	Management Committee
Reporting	ii. Any matter other than the terms of reference will be escalated
	to the Board
	iii. In addition to the above, in case of insufficient quorum the
	agenda of the Committee may be taken to the Board as provided
	by Section 14A of The National Banks (Management &
	Miscellaneous Provisions) Scheme, 1970 inserted by
	S.O.366(E) dated 25.01.2021.
	iv. Any matter which has material impact on Bank's financial
	position, reputation, risk perception, governance should be
	escalated to the Board
Calendar of	
Review	

8.21 HLCC-I

Genesis	As per Ministry of Finance (MoF) guidelines dated 03.04.2012, all nationalized banks were advised to set up Credit Committees at various level with the approval of their respective Boards. Accordingly, Head Office Level Credit Committee (HLCC) headed by ED was formed at Head Office to consider the proposals and other credit related matters, falling beyond authority of NBGLCC and up to the credit related powers delegated to CAC of the Board/ Mcom.
Membership	 i. All Executive Directors ii. All the CGMs mapped to the GMs forming part of the proposed composition of the committee iii. CGM/General Manager in charge of Credit * iv. CGM/General Manager In charge of RMD/CRO v. CGM/General Manager In charge of Finance *General Manager in Charge of credit vertical shall be member of the committee for the proposal/s submitted by their vertical.
	To consider the proposals involving, both credit and non-credit
Committee/	related matters, falling under this Committee as per the extant
Terms of	Delegation of Powers approved by the Board
reference /	
Powers	
Chairperson	Senior most Executive Director present in the meeting

Classification: Internal

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Quorum	Three – At least one ED, CGM/GM, Risk Management /CRO and CGM/GM, Finance
Periodicity	As and when required
Escalation Matrix Reporting	i. Any matter other than the terms of reference will be escalated to the CAC/M.Com in respect of financial sanctions ii. Any matter which has material impact on Bank's financial position, reputation, risk perception, governance should be escalated to the Board
Calendar of Review	None

In addition to the above, Bank has constituted the investment Approval Committee with a similar composition of CAC for considering investment related matters. However, since this committee has not been formed out of any relevant guidelines from either DFS or RBI, going forward, we propose to treat this committee as Executive level committee. Similarly, there is another committee called HLCC-II which is headed by Chief General Manager, Credit.







Section II Investor Relations

- 9. Bank as a listed entity
- 10. Investor Relation

Classification: Internal

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8. **Bank as a Listed Entity**

9.1 Bank, being a listed entity is also required to abide by the SEBI Regulations and the Listing Agreements of the Stock Exchanges in addition to the various statutes and guidelines applicable to it. The role, functions and responsibilities of the Company Secretary, therefore, as a key functionary in the corporate governance has become more significant. This has been further necessitated by the enhanced role of Banks in moving towards Universal Banking and International Standards besides adopting the best practices in Corporate Governance.

9.2 Role of Company Secretary

The major responsibility areas of the Company Secretary in the Bank include acting as:

- a) Compliance Officer as per the Listing Regulations.
- b) Secretary to the Audit Committee of the Board as per the Listing Regulations and ensuring the compliance of the stipulations by RBI in respect of the requirement of the coverage of the Audit Committee of the Board.

The company secretary is responsible for complying with various clauses of the Listing Regulations which inter alia, includes the following:

- a. Reporting of Price Sensitive Information to the Stock Exchanges on an ongoing basis.
- Intimating the Stock Exchanges of the Board meetings for considering the b. financial results, declaration of dividends, etc
- Informing within 30 minutes (or as stipulated by SEBI) of the closure of the Board C. meetings the financial results.
- d. Filing of shareholding pattern and distribution schedule within the stipulated time.
- Giving Notice for the Book Closures/Record Date. e.
- f. Promptly notifying the changes in the Bank's Board.









- Publication of financial results. g.
- h. Reporting on Corporate Governance in accordance with Listing Regulations including the certification by the Central Statutory Auditors / Company Secretary in Practice
- Certification under the Listing Regulations. i.

In addition to the above, the company secretary is also responsible for -

- a. Ensuring the process of Share Transfers and disposal of investor's references as convener of Share Transfer/Shareholder Grievance Committees and placing the Minutes of the meetings to the Board of Directors of the Bank.
- Coordinating with RBI, SEBI, Stock Exchanges, Government of India (Ministry b. of Finance) on relevant issues.

C.

- d. Holding of General Body Meetings of shareholders (AGM/EGM).
- Maintaining statutory registers and records. e.
- f. Raising of capital - Obtaining requisite permission from the Regulatory Authorities and coordination with various intermediaries.
- Monitoring of FDI limits with reference to allotment of shares to FII etc. g.
- h. Inspecting of R&T A activities in relation to bank's shares.
- Formulating requisite Policies for approval of the Board. i.
- Coordinating the publication and distribution of Banks' Annual Report and j. Accounts, besides Notices etc.
- Ensuring Payment of Dividends on declaration by the Board. k.
- 1. Appointing of required number of shareholder directors in general body meeting.







Responsibilities of the Senior Management 9.3

The Managing Director & CEO of the Bank and other key functionaries are responsible for the operations and day to day management of the Bank in line with the directions of the Board and the Committees set up by the Board.

9.4 Key Managerial Personnel ('KMP')

Pursuant to the provisions of relevant Accounting Standards, the Bank, shall have the following whole-time Key Managerial Personnel,

- Managing Director & CEO, i)
- ii) Company Secretary
- Executive Directors (Whole Time Directors); and iii)
- Chief Financial Officer. iv)







10. Investor Relations:

10.1 Maintaining good and co-ordinal relationship with Investors, through transparency in operation by means of an efficient and timely communication of accurate information, is considered to be of utmost essence with existing and prospective investors.

10.2 Grievance Redressal Mechanism

In order to redress the grievances and to provide prompt and expeditious service to the shareholders, a separate department viz. Investor Relation Department has been set up at the Head Office of the Bank. The Department shall serve as a contact point for shareholders on issues such as share transfers, transmission, dividends and other matters relating to the shares issued by the Bank. The Department shall endeavor to redress the grievance of the shareholders at the earliest opportunity. Towards this end in view, the Department shall work in close co-ordination with the Registrar and Share Transfer Agent.

10.3 Efficient Share Transfer Mechanism

The Bank shall appoint the Registrar and Share Transfer Agent who shall scrutinize and process the ttransmission of shares, name deletion, issue of Duplicate Share certificates as received from the shareholders/investors on weekly basis, as required under clause 40 (2) of SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirement Regulations)- 2015 and report the matter to the Bank.

A Share Transfer Committee designated by the Board for the purpose shall note the Transmission of shares and other updation of Register of Members.







10.4 Investor Information in The Annual /Half Yearly Reports

The management shall be responsible for the preparation, integrity and fair presentation of the financial statements and other information in the Annual Report.

The Annual Report would be sent to all the shareholders of the Bank at least 21 clear days before the Annual General Meeting. The main source of information for the shareholders is the Annual Report, which includes inter-alia, Notice calling Annual General Meeting, the Chairman's Statement, the Report of the Board of Directors, Management Discussion and Analysis, Corporate Governance Report, Cash flow Statements and the Audited Financial Results (both stand-alone and consolidated). Alternatively, the Bank may also prepare and send to all the shareholders, an Abridged Annual Report in which the information on Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss account shall be given in an abridged format as specified. Bank recognizes the importance of regular dialogue with its shareholders to ensure that the Bank's strategy is clearly understood.

The annual financial results of subsidiary companies are presented to the shareholders of the Bank in the Consolidated Balance Sheet.

The Bank shall provide investor related information in the Annual Report as part of the Corporate Governance Report as per the guidelines of Statutory/Regulatory Authorities/ Listing Regulations.

As part of the Green initiative in Corporate Governance, the Bank shall send all periodic communications and documents such as Notices of Annual General Meetings and other general meetings, explanatory statements thereto, Annual Reports, Balance sheets, Directors' Reports, Auditors' Reports, Half yearly results and other day to day shareholder communications to the email address registered by the shareholders with the Bank/ Depository Participant.







10.5 Annual General Meeting

Shareholders shall have an opportunity to attend the Annual General Meeting (AGM), which shall be held within six weeks from the date on which the balance sheet is submitted to the Government / Reserve Bank of India or within such other statutory time limit stipulated from time to time under the Banking Companies (Acquisition & Transfer of Undertakings) Act, 1970.

In the Annual General Meeting the shareholders have to discuss, approve and adopt the annual accounts of the Bank, besides the business outlook and the relevant aspects of the Bank's operations.

The final dividend shall be declared by the shareholders at the AGM on recommendation of the Board of Directors of the Bank.

Approval of the shareholders, if required, to be obtained on any other item of the business, shall be obtained at the AGM.

A maximum of three Directors representing the shareholders shall be elected at the AGM or at another General Meeting of the shareholders of the Bank.

The AGM shall be held at the place of the Head Office of the Bank.

10.6 Prevention of Insider Trading

Insider trading means trading in the shares of the Bank by persons who are in possession of undisclosed price sensitive information regarding the working of the Bank, and which is not available to others. Such trading, as it involves misuse of confidential information, is unethical tantamounting to betrayal of fiduciary position of trust and confidence. In order to prevent and curb the insider trading in securities, the SEBI has issued guidelines - SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015, as amended.

The Bank endeavours to curb the insider trading by its personnel, who are privy to certain price sensitive information viz. financial Results, intended declaration of Dividend, Further Issues etc. Key Personnel, who are associated with these activities, Classification: Internal

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shall refrain from purchasing or selling securities of the Bank during this relevant period, nor do they communicate such information to any other person.

The Bank has put in place a Policy on Prevention of Insider Trading - Bank of India-Directors' and Employees' Code of Conduct for Prevention of Insider Trading as per SEBI Regulation. This policy has been placed on the website of the Bank.







SECTION III

11. Financial Disclosures and Controls

- 11.1 Timely reporting of financial results
- 11.2 Disclosure standards
- 11.3 Adoption of universally accepted accounting and disclosure **Policies**
- 11.4 Polícies
- 11.5 Effectiveness of the system of Internal Financial Control







Financial Disclosures And Controls 11

Timely Reporting Of Financial Results:

The working results shall be furnished to the Stock Exchanges within 30 minutes of closure of the Board Meeting where the Board takes the results on record. The Working Results of the Bank would also be published in major financial dailies on guarterly basis, within 48 hours of taking on record the financial results by the Board. Further, the financial results are also put on the website of the Bank www.bankofindia.co.in.

The Working Results of the Bank shall be published as per statutory requirements on quarterly basis. The working results (subject to Limited Review by Auditors) for the quarters ending 30th June, 30th September and 31st December would be published within 45 days from the end of the relevant quarter. The Working Results of the last quarter viz. 31st March in case of Audited would be published within 60 days.

Financial Results, Shareholding Pattern, Directors' Report, Corporate Governance Report. Management Discussion and Analysis and other information as per the instruction of SEBI shall be disseminated to the shareholders and investors, by electronically filing the information on the website prescribed by SEBI i.e., Stock Exchanges and also upload in the Website of the Bank.

The Bank communicates with its institutional shareholders through a combination of Analysts briefings and individual discussions between the fund managers and the management team. Institutional investors shall be encouraged to have a regular, systematic contact at senior executive level to exchange views and information on strategy, performance, board membership and quality of management. To have a fair play and for the benefit of other small shareholders, the regular briefings made to the institutional shareholders would also be released to the Stock Exchanges and also upload in the Website of the Bank. At the time of meetings with the analysts, brokers,







institutional investors, there shall be at least two representatives of the Bank. The Bank shall make available the Stock Exchange intimation on its website.

Transparency and Disclosures Standards

There are several systems and procedures to disseminate relevant information to the stakeholders, including shareholders, analysts, suppliers, customers, employees and the society at large. The primary source of information is Bank corporate website www.bankofindia.co.in. All official news releases and presentations made to investors and analysts are posted on the website.

- The Bank shall make timely and correct disclosures, follows consistency in a. transparency and qualitative analysis of performance aimed at investors' protection, prudential regulations, customers and employee satisfaction and satisfaction of the public at large. Bank shall make the disclosures strictly in accordance with the guidelines of RBI and as stipulated in the Listing Regulation executed with the Stock Exchanges and also as per the guidelines and instructions received from the statutory/ regulatory authorities from time to time. Bank shall also use its dedicated website for posting the disclosures to the extent feasible.
- The Bank shall also endeavour to meet the international disclosure standards: b.
- The accounting policies and principles shall conform to the standard practices and where they do not, full disclosure would be made of material departures. All applicable Accounting Standard issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India as applicable to be Bank should be complied with.
- Where in the preparation of financial statements, a treatment different from that prescribed in an Accounting Standard has been followed, the fact shall be disclosed in the financial statements, together with the management's explanation as to why it believes such alternative treatment is more representative of the true and fair view of the underlying business transaction in the Corporate Governance Report.







- The Bank will ensure timely and accurate disclosure on all material matters including the financial situation, performance, ownership, and governance of the company.
- f. Conflict of Interest & Related Party Transactions- The Board of Directors have adopted the "Related Party Transaction Policy" and it is communicated and being implemented across the Organization. The Board of Directors have authorized the Audit Committee to review the key transactions and Disclosures received under the Policy on periodical basis. Transactions with related parties shall be annexed to the financial statements for the year. Adequate care shall be taken to ensure that the potential conflicts of interest do not harm the interests of the Bank at large.

The Bank shall comply with the requirements prescribed under the Listing Regulations and Accounting Standards with regard to the related party transactions. The Bank shall have a framework for undertaking transactions with related parties. Further, all related party transactions shall be approved by the Audit Committee / Board, as may be applicable. Wherever required under the Listing Regulations and depending on nature of the transaction, the approval of Shareholders will also be obtained.

All pecuniary relationship or transactions or shareholding including convertible instrument of the Non-Executive Directors of the Bank in relation to the Bank shall be disclosed in the Annual Report.

- g. Disclosures in the Annual report The Bank shall disclose the following in its annual report:
 - Number of meetings held of the Board of Directors and the Committees mandated under the guidelines, in the Financial year;
 - Details of the Composition of the Board of Directors and the Committees mandated, setting out name, qualification, field of specialization, status of Directorship held etc;
 - iii. Number of meetings attended by the Directors and the members of the Committee:

Classification: Internal



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- Details of the remuneration paid, if any to the Independent Director; iv.
- Annual report to have certification from the Compliance Officer; ٧.
- Such other matters as prescribed under the Listing Regulations and other vi. applicable Regulations.
- Compliance Officer Company Secretary OR any other official of the Bank as h. designated by the Board from time to time, shall be the "Compliance Officer" for dissemination of the information to the Stock Exchanges as per the Listing Agreements executed with them.
- Corporate Governance Certification The Bank shall obtain a certificate from the Auditors of the Bank or Company Secretary in Practice regarding compliance of conditions of corporate governance as stipulated by SEBI and annex the certificate with the Directors' Report, which is sent annually to all the shareholders of the Bank. The same certificate shall also be sent to the Stock Exchanges along with the annual reports submitted by the Bank.
- CEO/CFO Certification A Certificate from Managing Director & CEO and General Manager designated as CFO of the Bank, submitted to the Board and be attached to the Annual Report of the Bank.
- The bank agrees to maintain a functional website containing basic information k. about the company e.g. details of its business, financial information, shareholding pattern, compliance with corporate governance, contact information of the designated officials of the company who are responsible for assisting and handling investor grievances, details of agreements entered into with the media companies and/or their associates, etc. The bank also agrees to ensure that the contents of the said website are updated at any given point of time.

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11.3 Conforming To Generally Accepted Accounting Practices (GAAP) & Disclosure Policies

The Bank shall endeavor to conform to the Generally Accepted Accounting Practices (GAAP) and Disclosure Policies. Further, the Bank also endeavor to align with the International Financial Reporting Standard (IFRS) or other accounting standard as applicable, in line with the regulatory guidelines to ensure highest accounting standard and enhanced disclosures. Bank is committed to adopt the best practices to achieve global standards and enhance the reputation.

11.4 Policies of The Bank:

Bank has put in place various policies, which are approved by the Board. Bank shall conduct its operations/activities within the parameters laid down under these policies. All the policies shall be placed before the Board for review once every year or as decided by the Board. This corporate Governance Policy shall be posted in the website of the Bank and shall be available in print on any shareholder of the Bank requesting it.

11.5 Effectiveness of The System Of Internal Financial Control

The Bank shall take the help of Internal Auditors, Concurrent Auditors etc. to ensure the effectiveness of the system of Internal Financial control.







Section IV

- 12. Corporate Citizen
- 13. Conclusion

Classification: Internal

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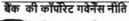


12. Corporate Citizen

The Bank shall participate actively in community development programmes. The Bank shall adopt fair and ethical business practices in all its dealings with the customers, employees, investors, vendors, government and the society at large and to take Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) in an earnest and modest manner. The CSR Policy puts forth the bank's understanding and approach on sustainable inclusive economic development of the community at large with special focus on the socioeconomically / physically challenged & differently abled people, initiatives in environmental footprint and social responsibility. BOI believes that CSR is not charity or mere donations.

Bank is committed to identifying and supporting programs aimed at;

- Eradicating hunger, poverty and malnutrition, promoting health care including i. preventive health care, and sanitation (including Swatch Bharat Kosh set up by the Central Government for the promotion of sanitation and making available safe drinking water
- ii. Promoting education, including for financial literacy for general public, special education and employment enhancing vocation skills especially among children women, elderly, and the differently abled and livelihood enhancement projects, Vocational training for Skill development
- iii. Promoting gender equality, empowering women, setting up homes and hostels for women and orphans; setting up old age homes, day care centers and such other facilities for senior citizens and measures for reducing inequalities faced by socially and economically backward groups;
- Ensuring environmental sustainability, ecological balance, protection of flora iv. and fauna, animal welfare, agroforestry, conservation of natural resources, upkeep of water bodies and maintaining quality of soil, air and water including contribution to the Clean Ganga Fund setup by the Central Government for rejuvenation of river Ganga.



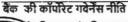






- Protection of national heritage, art and culture including restoration of buildings and sites of historical importance and works of art; setting up public libraries; promotion and development of traditional arts and handicrafts;
- vi. Measures for the benefit of armed forces veterans, war widows and their dependents;
- vii. Training to promote rural sports, nationally recognized sports, Paralympic sports and Olympic sports;
- viii. Contribution to the Prime Minister's National Relief Fund and Prime Minister's Citizen Assistance and Relief in Emergency Situation Fund (PM CARES fund) or any other fund set up by the Central Government for socio-economic development, relief activities and welfare of the Scheduled Castes, the Scheduled Tribes, other backward classes, minorities and women;
- ix. Rural development projects.
- x. Reimbursement made to IBA for promotion of Government sponsored Schemes / programmes including for financial literacy / skill development.
- contributions or funds provided to technology incubators located within academic institutions which are approved by Central Government
- xii. Slum Area Development shall mean any area declared as such by the Central Government or any State Government or any other competent. Authority under any law for the time being in force.
- xiii. Disaster management, including relief, rehabilitation and reconstruction activities.
- xiv. Contribution to incubators funded by Central Government or State Government or any agency or Public Sector Undertaking of Central Government or State Government, and contributions to public funded Universities, Indian Institute of Technology (IITs), National Laboratories and Autonomous Bodies (established under the auspices of Indian Council of Agricultural Research (ICAR), Indian Council of Medical Research (ICMR), Council of Scientific and Industrial Research (CSIR), Department of Atomic Energy (DAE), Defense Research and Development Organisation (DRDO), Department of Science and Technology

Classification: Internal









(DST), Ministry of Electronics and Information Technology) engaged in conducting research in science, technology, engineering and medicine aimed at promoting Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs).

Any activity funded for the prevention/ treatment/support of Public or Govt. XV. Institutions, Public Hospitals or agencies engaged in such related activities in respect of a pandemic notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Govt. of India under Schedule VII of Companies Act 2013 shall be an eligible CSR expenditure. The contribution made to State Disaster Management Authority, State Authorities including local authorities to combat any pandemic shall also be an eligible CSR expenditure for promotion of health care, including preventive health care, sanitation, and disaster management under Schedule VII of Companies Act 2013.

Any other activity permitted by the CSR Committee of the Board. XVI.

Classification: Internal







Conclusion: 13.

To survive and attain sustainable growth levels in competitive business environment, good Corporate Governance practices must be effectively implemented and enforced preferably by self-regulation and voluntary adoption of ethical code of business conduct and if necessary through relevant regulatory laws and rules framed by the Government or regulators such as RBI, SEBI, etc.

A Corporate Governance Policy should serve as an effective instrument to ensure greater accountability on the part of the Boards of Directors to the stakeholders. Bank of India is committed to ensure highest level of corporate governance in its business dealings.

Classification: Internal







BASEL COMMITTEE FOR BANKING SUPERVISION - CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRINCIPLES FOR BANKS

Bank also adopt the following sound corporate governance principles prescribed under BASEL norms by Bank for International Settlements (BIS)

Principle 1: Board's overall responsibilities

The Board has overall responsibility for the bank, including approving and overseeing management's implementation of the bank's strategic objectives, governance framework and corporate culture. The Board is also responsible for providing oversight of senior management.

Principle 2: Board qualifications and composition

The person appointed by the Government as Board members should be and remain qualified, individually and collectively, including through training, for their positions. They should understand their oversight and corporate governance role and be able to exercise sound, objective judgment about the affairs of the bank.

Principle 3: Board's own structure and practices

The board should define appropriate governance structures and practices for its own work, and put in place the means for such practices to be followed and periodically reviewed for ongoing effectiveness.

Principle 4: Senior management

Under the direction and oversight of the board, senior management should carry out and manage the bank's activities in a manner consistent with the business strategy, risk appetite, remuneration and other policies approved by the board.

Principle 5: Governance of group structures

In a group structure, the board of the parent company has the overall responsibility for the group and for ensuring the establishment and operation of a clear governance framework appropriate to the structure, business and risks of the group and its entities. The board and senior management should know and understand the bank group's organisational structure and the risks that it poses.





Principle 6: Risk management function

Banks should have an effective independent risk management function, under the direction of a chief risk officer (CRO) or equivalent, with sufficient stature, independence, resources and access to the board.

Principle 7: Risk identification, monitoring and controlling

Risks should be identified, monitored and controlled on an ongoing bank-wide and individual entity basis. The sophistication of the bank's risk management and internal control infrastructure should keep pace with changes to the bank's risk profile, to the external risk landscape and in industry practice.

Principle 8: Risk communication

An effective risk governance framework requires robust communication within the bank about risk, both across the organisation and through reporting to the board and senior management.

Principle 9: Compliance

The bank's board of directors is responsible for overseeing the management of the bank's compliance risk. The board should establish a compliance function and approve the bank's policies and processes for identifying, assessing, monitoring and reporting and advising on compliance risk.

Principle 10: Internal audit

The internal audit function should provide independent assurance to the board and should support board and senior management in promoting an effective governance process and the long-term soundness of the bank.

Principle 11: Compensation

The bank's remuneration structure decided by the Government of India should support sound corporate governance and risk management.

Principle 12: Disclosure and transparency

The governance of the bank should be adequately transparent to its shareholders, depositors, other relevant stakeholders and market participants.



Compliance Status of the recent guidelines issued by RBI vide RBI/2021-22/24 DOR.GOV.REC.8/29.67.001/2021-22 April 26, 2021

Sr No.	New Guideline	Status as on date	Reasons and rationale for compliance and/or non-compliance
1	In respect of State Bank of India and Nationalised Banks, these guidelines would apply to the extent the stipulations are not inconsistent with provisions of specific statutes applicable to these banks or instructions issued under the statutes. The contents of this circular must be read along with other relevant governing statutes and shall be applicable notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the licensing conditions, notifications, directions, regulations, guidelines, instructions, etc., issued by the Reserve Bank before the issue of this circular.		 i. Public sector banks having business mix of Rs.10 lakh crore and above are sanctioned strength of 16 number of directors of which five are Whole-Time Directors including MD&CEO. ii. It is important to note that due to Govt. of India stake in our Bank being 73.38%, we can have only two shareholder Directors (as per Se 9(3)(i) of Banking Cos (Acqn. & Tr. of Undertakings) Act iii. Appointment of RBI Director only on M.COM ACB, DPC, Disciplinary Proceeding only. No other committee allowed – (RBI Circular No.DBOD.No.7081/08.21.006/ 2010-11 dated 29.10.2010) iv. Govt. Nominee Director allowed only on ACB, NRC, MLVF, HR, HVNPA, Customer Service and Disciplinary Proceeding (DFS Notification F.No.16/18/2015-BO.I/FTS-72700 dated 23.02.2015)
2	The Chair of the board shall be an independent director. In the absence of the Chair of the board, the meetings of the board shall be chaired by an independent director.	Complied	As per Section 9(3)(h) Non-Executive Chairman of the Board is appointed by GOI on 21.02.2024 who chairs the Board Meetings.
3	The quorum for the board meetings shall be one-third of the total strength of the board or three directors, whichever is higher.	Complied	
4	At least half of the directors attending the meetings of the board shall be independent directors.	Complied	As mentioned in Sr No 1(ii), above we have two shareholder directors. Position of strength of directors as on 21.03.2024 is as follows: Directors
			VACANT Positions Workmen Employee 1 (e) Officer Employee 1 (f) Part-time Non-Official 1 (g) (CA Category) Part time Non-Official 2 (h) Total 16 Total 5 ive Vacancies for NED
	Audit Committee of the Board (ACB)		Workmen Employee 1 (e) Officer Employee 1 (f) Part-time Non-Official 1 (g) (CA Category) Part time Non-Official 2 (h)
5	Audit Committee of the Board (ACB) The ACB shall be constituted with only non-executive directors (NEDs)	Complied.	Workmen Employee 1 (e) Officer Employee 1 (f) Part-time Non-Official 1 (g) (CA Category) Part time Non-Official 2 (h) Total 16

Sr No.	New Guideline	Status as on date	Reasons and rationale for compliance and/or non-compliance
7	The ACB shall meet with a quorum of three members	Complied	
8	At least two-thirds of the members attending	Complied	-
	the meeting of the ACB shall be independent directors		
9	The ACB shall meet at least once in a quarter	Complied	
10	The meetings of the ACB shall be chaired by	Complied	
	an independent director who shall not chair any other committee of the Board		
11	The Chair of the ACB shall not be a member	Complied	The ACB is chaired by an Independent Director
ÍΙ	of any committee of the board which has a	Complied	who is not on any other credit sanctioning committee.
12	mandate of sanctioning credit exposures. All members should have the ability to	Complied	At present we have position of NED under
12	understand all financial statements as well as	Complied	Section 9(3)(g) (Chartered Accountant) as
	the notes/ reports attached thereto and at		vacant. However, by virtue of experience and
		*	qualification, Share holder director who is also a
	least one member shall have requisite professional expertise/ qualification in		chartered accountant along with that of RBI
	proteotional outpoints quantitative		nominee director, Government nominee director
	financial accounting or financial management		
	[e.g., experience in application of accounting		and one Part time Non Official Director, the given
	standards and practices, including internal		direction is complied with.
	controls around it.		
	Risk Management Committee of the Board (The Composition of DMCB comprises of two
13	The board shall constitute an RMCB with a	Complied	The Composition of RMCB comprises of two Whole Time Directors and Three Non Executive
	majority of NEDs		
			Directors.
			Thus, presence of majority of NEDs is complied
			with.
14	The RMCB shall meet with a quorum of three	Complied	
	members		As a sisted as the Days 40 arrange of non
15	At least half of the members attending the	Not	As pointed out in Para 13, presence of non
-3	meeting of the RMCB shall be independent	Possible to	executive directors in majority is being ensured.
	directors of which at least one member shall	comply	However, we submit that the existing members
	have professional expertise/ qualification in		of RMCB hold expertise in risk management by
	risk management.		virtue of their professional experience and
	*		positions held at apex level. Hence, we do not
			propose to insist on members having specific
			qualification in risk management. However, as
			and when such director with specific
			qualifications in risk management is appointed
			by DFS, we will be able to comply with this
			guidelines.
16	Meetings of RMCB shall be chaired by an	Complied	With effect from 01.10.2022, the meetings of
	independent director who shall not be a Chair		RMCB are being chaired by a Non-Executive
	of the board or any other committee of the		Director.
	board.		
17	The Chair of the board may be a member of	Complied	At present, Chair of the Board is not a member
	the RMCB only if he/she has the requisite risk	14 (3	of RMCB
	management expertise.		
18	The RMCB shall meet at least once in each	Complied	
	quarter		
	Nomination and Remuneration Committee (
19	The board shall constitute an NRC made up of	Complied	
20	only NEDs. The NRC shall meet with a quorum of three	Complied	
20	members.	Compiled	
21	At least half of the members attending the		
	meeting of the NRC shall be independent	Complied	
	of which one shall be a member of		
	HIE RINGS		
1/3	The state of		

Sr No.	New Guideline	Status as on date	Reasons and rationale for compliance and/o non-compliance
22	The meetings of the NRC shall be chaired by an independent director.	Complied	
23	The Chair of the board shall not chair the NRC.	Complied	
24	The meeting of NRC may be held as and when required	Complied	
	Age and tenure of NEDs		
25	The upper age limit for NEDs, including the Chair of the board, shall be 75 years and after attaining the age of 75 years no person can continue in these positions.	NOT applicable	As per extant guidelines of DFS, NED may function up to the age of 67 years. We will be following the same.
26	The total tenure of an NED, continuously or otherwise, on the board of a bank, shall not exceed eight years.	Complied.	In terms of extant DFS guidelines, any director would be on board for maximum five years initially for 3 years, extendable by DFS for another two years.
27	After completing eight years on the board of a bank the person may be considered for reappointment only after a minimum gap of three years	NOT applicable, but complied.	As per extant guidelines of DFS for Nationalized Banks, NED may function initially for 3 years from the date of appointment which may be extended at the discretion of DFS, post which he will not be able to be on the Board of Directors of our Bank.
28	This will not preclude him/her from being appointed as a director in another bank subject to meeting the requirements.	Not applicable	
	Remuneration of NEDs		
29	In addition to sitting fees and expenses related to attending meetings of the board and its committees as per extant statutory norms/ practices, the bank may provide for payment of compensation to NEDs in the form of a fixed remuneration commensurate with an individual director's responsibilities and demands on time and which are considered sufficient to attract qualified competent individuals. However, such fixed remuneration for an NED, other than the Chair of the board, shall not exceed ₹20 lakh per annum Tenure of MD&CEO and WTDs	NOT applicable	Decided by DFS
30	Subject to the statutory approvals required from time to time, the post of the MD&CEO or WTD cannot be held by the same incumbent for more than 15 years.	NOT applicable	Decided by DFS
31	Thereafter, the individual will be eligible for re- appointment as MD&CEO or WTD in the same bank, if considered necessary and desirable by the board, after a minimum gap of three years, subject to meeting other conditions.	NOT applicable	Decided by DFS
	During this three-year cooling period, the individual shall not be appointed or associated with the bank or its group entities in any capacity, either directly or indirectly.		
32	It is clarified that the extant instructions on upper age limit for MD&CEO and WTDs in the private sector banks would continue and no person can continue as MD&CEO or WTD beyond the age of 70 years. Within the overall limit of 70 years, as part of their internal policy, individual bank's Boards are free to prescribe a lower retirement age for the WTDs, including	NOT applicable	As per extant guidelines of DFS for Nationalized Banks, tenure of WTD is decided by DFS, i.e., up to the age of 60 years (date of superannuation).



Sr	New Guideline	Status as	Reasons and rationale for compliance and/or
No.		on date	non-compliance
33	MD&CEO or WTD who is also a promoter/	NOT	Decided by DFS
	major shareholder, cannot hold these posts		
	for more than 12 years. However, in		
	extraordinary circumstances, at the sole		
	discretion of the Reserve Bank such		
	MD&CEO or WTDs may be allowed to		
	continue up to 15 years. While examining the		
	matter of re-appointment of such MD&CEOs		
	or WTDs within the 12/15 years period, the		
	level of progress and adherence to the		
	milestones for dilution of promoters'		
	shareholding in the bank shall also be factored	-	
	in by the Reserve Bank.		-
	Transition Arrangement		-
34	Banks are permitted to comply with these		and the state of t
	instructions latest by October 01, 2021.		
	Specifically:		
	(i) The Chair of board who is not an	Complied	As explained in point at Sr No 2
	independent director on the date of issue of		
	this circular shall be allowed to complete the		
	current term as Chair as already approved by		
	the Reserve Bank.	Complied	As per extant DFS guidelines.
	(ii) Banks with MD&CEOs or WTDs who have	-	
	already completed 12/15 years as MD&CEO		×
	or WTD, on the date these instructions coming		
	to effect, shall be allowed to complete their		
	current term as already approved by the		
	Reserve Bank.		





ANNEXURE ~ 3 BANK OF INDIA

SI.	SEBI (LODR) Regulation	Provision	Our Compliance
No.	17 (1) (a) & (b) Board of Directors - Composition - Independent Woman Director, Chairperson	(1) The composition of board of directors of the listed entity shall be as follows: (a) Board of directors shall have an optimum combination of executive and non-executive directors with at least one woman director and not less than fifty per cent. of the board of directors shall comprise of non-executive directors	Presently, we have 6 Non-Executive Directors, including one each nominated by the RBI and Government of India. Hence, with the present sanctioned strength of 5 Whole Time Directors, the direction is complied.
*		Provided that the Board of directors of the top 500 listed entities shall have at least one independent woman director by April 1, 2019.	Complied. Presently Bank has one independen woman director.
nr.ac		(b) where the chairperson of the Board of directors is a non-executive director, at least one-third of the Board of directors shall comprise of independent directors and where the listed entity does not have a regular non- executive chairperson, at least half of the Board of directors shall comprise of independent directors. Provided that where the regular non-executive chairperson is a promoter of the listed entity or is related to any promoter or person occupying management positions at the level of board of director or at one level below the Board of directors, at least half of the board of	Complied Presently, Bank has a Non Executive Director as a Chairperson and the number of Independent Directors is Four i.e.2 shareholder directors and 2 Nor Executive Directors appointed under Section 9(3)(h), against the present strength of the Board at 11.



ANNEXURE - 3 BANK OF INDIA

SI. No.	SEBI (LODR) Regulation	Provision	Our Compliance
Sea 199		directors of the listed entity shall consist of independent directors. Explanation For the purpose of this clause, the expression "related to any promoter" shall have the following meaning: (i) if the promoter is a listed entity, its directors other than the independent directors, its employees or its	
		nominees shall be deemed to be related to it.	
2	18 (1) (a) (b) (c) Audit Committee - Constitution & Composition	Every listed entity shall constitute a qualified and independent audit committee in accordance with the terms of reference, subject to the following:	
		(a) The Audit Committee shall have minimum three directors as members.	Complied. Presently, ACB has Four members two independent directors, one Gov nominee director and one RBI nomine director.
BANA OC		(b) Two-thirds of the members of Audit Committee shall be independent directors and in case of a listed entity having outstanding SR equity shares, the Audit Committee shall only comprise of independent directors	At present, there are two independent directors which works out to One-Half of the total strength. Other Independent (shareholder) Director is member of M.Com and other Committees. As per DFS guidelines no. 16/11/2015-BO. dated 17.06.2016, any director who are on the Management Committee /Credi

ANNEXURE - 3 BANK OF INDIA

SI. No.	SEBI (LODR) Regulation	Provision	Our Compliance
incu (D		(c) All members of Audit Committee shall be financially	Approval Committee shall not be on the Audit committee in any capacity. In accordance with the RBI circular dated 26.04.2021, the Non-Executive Chairman, who is also a Non Official Director, is not eligible to be a member of ACB since he is the Chair of the Board.
		(c) All members of Audit Committee shall be financially literate and at least one member shall have accounting or related financial management expertise	Complied. Chairperson of the ACB is a Chartered Accountant.
	18(1)(d) Audit Committee - Chairperson	The chairperson of the audit committee shall be an independent director and he / she shall be present at Annual General Meeting to answer shareholder queries.	Complied. Chairperson of the ACB is independent director.



ANNEXURE - 3 BANK OF INDIA

	SI.	SEBI (LODR) Regulation	Provision	Our Compliance
	No.			T.
OF CONTRACTORY OF THE PARTY OF	4	19 (1) Nomination & Remuneration Committee - Constitution & Composition	The board of directors shall constitute the nomination and remuneration committee as follows: (a) the committee shall comprise of at least three directors (b) all directors of the committee shall be non-executive directors; (c) at least fifty percent of the directors shall be independent directors and in case of a listed entity having outstanding SR equity shares, two thirds of the nomination and remuneration committee shall comprise of independent directors.	Complied. NRC has Five members – Four independent directors and one Govt. Nominee director.
	5	21. Risk Management Committee	The majority of the members of Risk Management Committee shall consist of members of the Board of directors. The Chairperson of the Risk Management Committee shall be a member of the Board of directors and senior executives of the listed entity may be members of the committee.	Complied.





CALENDAR OF REVIEW

S.N o	DEPART MENT	Theme	Name of Item	Frequency	Committee
1_	СС	Control & Assurance	Information in respect of Equity Share Holdings in Borrower Companies more than 30% of their paid up capital	Quarterly	ACB
2	COMPL	Control & Assurance	Penalties Imposed/ Penal action taken against the Bank under various laws and statutes & action taken for corrective measures	Yearly	ACB
3	COMPL	Compliance	Circulars / guidelines issued by RBI/ Other Regulators and its status of compliance Report	Quarterly	ACB
4	COMPL	Compliance	Compliance of Regulatory Requirement of Regulators in Host Countries in respect of Overseas Branches and Compliance Risk at Overseas Branches	Quarterly	ACB
5	COMPL	Control & Assurance	Progress of IRAR & RMP under SPARC – Inspection for Supervisory Evaluation	Quarterly	ACB
. 6	COMPL	Any Other matter of concern	Report on the position of Compliance Risk in the Bank	Quarterly	ACB
7	COMPL	Any Other matter of concern	Compliance status of Circulars / Notifications issued by Overseas Regulator & other statutory bodies	Quarterly	ACB
			i. Report of pending position of CPA-2 and CPA-3 ii. Analysis of Quick Mortality Position in Advance Accounts During Financial Year iii. Reporting of Transgressions in Discretionary powers relating to Advances of Rs.50 lac and above (Domestic and International)	Quarterly (All the four items be submitted in a single memorandu	
	3 4 5	1 CC 2 COMPL 3 COMPL 4 COMPL 5 COMPL 6 COMPL	1 CC Control & Assurance 2 COMPL Control & Assurance 3 COMPL Compliance 4 COMPL Compliance 5 COMPL Control & Assurance Any Other matter of concern Any Other matter of concern 7 COMPL concern	1 CC Control & Assurance Companies more than 30% of their paid up capital Penalties Imposed/ Penal action taken against the Bank under various laws and statutes & action taken for corrective measures Circulars / guidelines issued by RBI/ Other Regulators and its status of compliance Report Compliance of Regulatory Requirement of Regulators in Host Countries in respect of Overseas Branches and Compliance Risk at Overseas Branches and Compliance Risk at Overseas Branches COMPL Control & Assurance Any Other matter of concern Any Other matter of concern COMPL COMPL Concern Any Other matter of concern Any Other matter of concern COMPL Compliance Compliance Risk in the Bank Compliance status of Circulars / Notifications issued by Overseas Regulator & other statutory bodies i. Report of pending position of CPA-2 and CPA-3 ii. Analysis of Quick Mortality Position in Advance Accounts During Financial Year iii. Reporting of Transgressions in Discretionary powers relating to Advances of Rs.50 lac and above (Domestic and International)	1 CC Control & Assurance Companies more than 30% of their paid up capital Quarterly Penalties Imposed/ Penal action taken against the Bank under various laws and statutes & action taken for corrective measures Compliance Report Compliance Regulators of Compliance Report Overseas Branches Overseas Branches Any Other matter of COMPL ComPL Compliance Compliance Report Comp



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S.N o	DEPART MENT	Theme	Name of Item	Frequency	Committee
मुख्या । १३५५ सुर जोते केला हैं हैं करते हैं करते हैं			Guarantees for Rs 50 lakhs and above & outstanding for more than 30 days		
9	CRMD	Risk	Reporting of Pending position of Review Overdue (Rs.1 Crore and above, Domestic and International).	Quarterly	ACB
10	CRMD	Risk	Reporting of Standard Restructured Accounts of Rs.1 Crore and above, including Accounts causing concern with Credit limits Rs.5 Crore and above(Domestic and International)	Quarterly	ACB
11	CRMD	Any Other matter of concern	Reporting of Manual Intervention in (in Automation of IRAC process)	Quarterly	ACB
12	CRMD	Any Other matter of concern	Status of stock audit reports pending for closure	Quarterly	ACB
13	CRMD	Control & Assurance	Reporting on Early Warning Signals (EWS)	Quarterly	ACB
14	CRMD	Control & Assurance	Report on Red Flagged accounts	Quarterly	ACB
15	CRMD	Any Other matter of concern	Report on closure of Forensic Audit/ Internal Investigation Report	Quarterly	ACB
16	DSMD	Control & Assurance	Review of transactions with related parties	Yearly	ACB
17	FBD	Control & Assurance	Position of housekeeping – Vostro Accounts	Quarterly	ACB
BANK C	FIN	Control & Assurance	Appointment of statutory auditors and review of performance – Domestic	Yearly	ACB

BOARD SECRETARIAN


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S.N o	DEPART MENT	Theme	Name of Item	Frequency	Committee
				Quarterly(onl y for June,	
19	FRMD	Control & Assurance	Reporting & Review of Perpetrated frauds	Sept. & Dec.)	ACB
			i. Outstanding entries in Suspense Account (Debits) (Other than Advance nature) and Sundry Deposits ii. Clearing Difference Adjustment Account (CDAA) Position of outstanding entries iii. Outstanding entries in Inter Bank accounts	Quarterly(All five reports to be submitted in a single	
			iv. Data on dishonour of cheques	memorandu	
20	GOD	Control & Assurance	v. Reconciliation of Inter-Branch Transactions (Domestic)	m)	ACB
21	I&A	Control & Assurance	Review of adequacy of the internal audit function, including the structure of the internal audit department, staffing and seniority of the official heading the department, reporting structure, coverage and frequency on internal audit.	Yearly	ACB
. 22	I&A	Control & Assurance	Review of report on Revenue leakage detected by Internal/External Auditors and status of recovery thereof - reasons for undercharges and steps taken to prevent revenue leakage.	Yearly	ACB
23	I&A	Control & Assurance	Review of Audit Plan and status of achievement thereof	Quarterly	ACB
24	I&A	Control & Assurance	Compliance of Concurrent Audit Reports with respect to adherence to KYC/AML guidelines at branches	Quarterly	ACB
	I&A	Control & Assurance	Inspection reports of poorly rated branches - Progress in rectification of deficiencies - Irregularities reported in Audit Reports of Branches rated under 'Extremely High Risk/Very High Risk' - Review of significant audit findings of Internal Inspection/Audit along with compliance thereof	Quarterly	ACB

निक्रांपितांon: Internal वैक की कॉपॉरेट गवेर्नेस नीति



S.N o	DEPART MENT	Theme	Name of Item	Frequency	Committee
कि जो कि कि प्रति	I&A	Control & Assurance	i. Review of significant Audit Findings in RBIA audit of Currency Chests along with the compliance ii. Review of significant Audit Findings in RBIA audit of Service Branches along with the compliance thereof iii. Review of significant Audit Findings and Compliance of concurrent audit reports of Treasury and Derivatives iv. Review of significant Audit Findings of RBIA and Concurrent Audit along with compliance thereof	Quarterly	ACB
27	I&A	Any Other matter of concern	Risk Based Internal Audit/ Management Audit of Foreign Branches – Gist of audit findings and compliance thereof	Quarterly	ACB
28	I&A	Control & Assurance	Long Form Audit Report for FY Compliance to the Auditor's observation	Quarterly	ACB
29	I&A	Control & Assurance	IS audit of data centre by external concurrent auditor and internal IS auditor	Quarterly	ACB
30	I&A	Control & Assurance	Concurrent Audit Reports of Foreign Branches - Gist of audit findings and compliance thereof	Quarterly	ACB
31	I&A	Control & Assurance	Reporting of Approvals for Appointment/Re-appointment of FCAs for Concurrent Audit during the FY	Yearly	ACB
32	I&A	Control & Assurance	Legal audit of title documents in borrower accounts with credit exposure of Rs.5.00 crore and above	Quarterly	ACB
33	I&A	Control & Assurance	Significant audit findings of FEMA audit carried out by concurrent auditors of branches authorized to deal in foreign exchange	Quarterly	ACB
ANT GON	I&A	Control & Assurance	Review of significant Audit Findings along with compliance of Management Audit at Controlling Offices/Head Office	Quarterly	ACB



S.N o	DEPART MENT	Theme	Name of Item	Frequency	Committee
35	INFOSE C	Control & Assurance	Half Yearly Review of Fraudulent Transactions Relating to Internet Banking through Phishing Attacks and frauds committed in Internet Banking, Credit and Debit Cards	Half Yearly	ACB
35 36 36	INTL	Control & Assurance	Appointment of statutory auditors and review of performance – Overseas operations.	Yearly	ACB
37	INTL	Control & Assurance	Progress Report regarding various accounts pertaining to Overseas Operations, position of house-keeping	Quarterly	ACB
38	INTL	Control & Assurance	Reporting of reconciliation of Nostro accounts of foreign branches	Quarterly	ACB
39	INTL	Any Other matter of concern	Reconciliation of Inter Office adjustment entries for Overseas Branches	Quarterly	ACB
40	SAED	Any Other matter of concern	Status of SAR Pendency	Quarterly	ACB
41	TMKAD	Control & Assurance (others)	Know Your Customer (KYC)/ Anti Money Laundering (AML) Guidelines – Review of Implementation	Quarterly	ACB
. 42	TRY	Control & Assurance	i. Quarterly reporting on Reconciliation of SGL and CSGL Accounts ii. Reporting of reconciliation of outstanding Nostro entries of domestic branches	Quarterly	ACB
43	TRY	Risk	(a) Monthly Report for Funds Management as on Reporting Fridays (b) Treasury Management during the quarter	Quarterly	ACB
44	RMD	Any Other matter of concern	Position of Capital under Basel II, Basel III and CRAR / Preparedness under Basel II and III and Information Security	Quarterly	ACB (also Board)
45	RMD	Risk	Liquidity Stress Testing	Quarterly	ALCO
46		Any Other matter of concern	Reporting Performance under One Time Settlement (OTS)	Quarterly	Board

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S.N o	DEPART MENT	Theme	Name of Item	Frequency	Committee
			(i) Progress report of Assignment of Financial Impaired Assets to	Quarterly (All	
100			ARCs	four items to	
To the second			(ii) Status of Prudentially Written Off (PWO) accounts - Global	be submitted	
1 124			(iii) Status of SARFAESI actions in NPAs	in a single	
3			(iv) Information regarding slippages, recovery/ upgradation in respect	memorandu	
47	ARD	Risk	of accounts of Rs.5.00 crore and above	m)	Board
		Digital Transmission		_	
48	BPR	(Others)	Quarterly Reporting of Digital Transformation	Quarterly	Board
49	CC	Financial Inclusion	Details of Finance to NBFC – MFI	Quarterly	Board
			Supervisory Programme for Assessment of Risk and Capital		
50	COMPL	Compliance	(SPARC) – Risk Assessment Report	Yearly	Board
		Any Other matter of	Supervisory letter from RBI along with risk rating and Risk Mitigation		
51	COMPL	concern	Plan	Yearly	Board
52	COMPL	Compliance	Annual Report / Review of Compliance Function	Yearly	Board
		Any Other matter of	Circulars / Notifications issued by Overseas Regulators and Gist of		
53	COMPL	concern	Instructions received from Overseas Centers	Monthly	Board
		Any Other matter of	Circulars / Notifications issued by RBI & other regulators and Gist of	,	
54	COMPL	concern	Instructions received therein	Monthly	Board
		Any Other matter of	Progress of Risk Mitigation Plan under SPARC Inspection for		
55	COMPL	concern	Supervisory Evaluation	Quarterly	Board
56	DBD	Business Strategy	Performance of Card Products Department	Yearly	Board
			Performance Analysis of Bank's Domestic Subsidiaries, Associates		
BANA 57	DSMD	Business Strategy	& Joint Ventures	Half Yearly	Board

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S.N o	DEPART MENT	Theme	Name of Item	Frequency	Committee
58	DSMD	Compliance	Debenture Trustee Registered with SEBI Review of Half Yearly Returns	Half Yearly	Board
59	DSMD	Any Other matter of concern	Reports submitted by Nominee Directors on the Board of Domestic Subsidiaries / Associates / Joint Venture as per Bank's Policy	Quarterly	Board
60	DSMD	Any Other matter of concern	Submission of Minutes of Board Meetings of our Domestic Subsidiaries – Compliance as per Clause 24 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015	Quarterly	Board
61	FI	Financial Inclusion	a. Review for deposit mobilisation from weaker sections and all Prime Minister's scheme (under PMJDY) b. Reporting of advances granted to weaker sections under priority sector	Quarterly	Board
62	FRMD	Any Other matter of concern	Monthly "Information Note for reporting of frauds with amount involved of Rs. 1.00 lakh and above	Monthly	Board
63	INTL	Any Other matter of concern	Business Review Committee of Overseas Branches	Quarterly	Board
64	INTL	Any Other matter of concern	Half Yearly Review of Treasury Operations of Overseas Branches	Half Yearly	Board
65	IRC	Compliance	Corporate Governance Reporting under Regulation 27(2)(a) of SEBI (LODR) Regulations	Quarterly	Board
66	IRC	Compliance	Statement of Grievance Redressal as per Regulation 13(3) / 13 (4) of SEBI SEBI (LODR) Regulations	Quarterly	Board
	LDD	Human Resources	Reporting of Performance towards Training & Talent Development	Half Yearly(For the half year ended March	Board

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S.N o	DEPART MENT	Theme	Name of Item	Frequency	Committee
Figure 1244			ēgs/	& September)	
68	LEGAL	Risk	Reporting of strictures passed by courts/tribunals especially in respect of credit facilities	As and when required	Board
69	LEGAL	Any Other matter of concern	Cases/litigations filed against the Bank (Claims against Bank not acknowledged as debt)	Quarterly	Board
70	OL .	Human Resources	Progressive use of Hindi in Bank – Performance Report	Half Yearly	Board
71	PS&EI	Business Strategy	Board Financial Reporting system for the quarter and Performance review of the quarter vis-à-vis Corporate Plan	Quarterly	Board
72	PS&EI PS&EI	Business Strategy Business Strategy	Analysis on Select Performance Indicators (Domestic Operations) Capital and Revenue Expenditure Budget for FY 2023-24 Utilization during the quarter	Quarterly Quarterly	Board
74	RURAL	Financial Inclusion	Review of Priority Sector Lending	Quarterly	Board
75	TRY	Control & Assurance	Review and Empanelment of Brokers for Securities Transactions of Treasury for the Financial Year	Yearly	Board
76	TRY	Risk	Comprehensive Report on Treasury Operations for the Half Year (including Central/State Government Guaranteed Bonds issued by various Corporations/ State Undertakings; Position of overdue principal and interest	Half Yearly	Board
77	TRY	Risk	Non-SLR Investments of the Bank - Review of Non-SLR Portfolio for the Quarter and reporting of Derivative Transactions for the Quarter	Quarterly	Board
BANKOZB	TRY	Any Other matter of concern	Dealing Room Operation – Annual review of panel of Forex Brokers	Yearly	Board



S.N o	DEPART MENT	Theme	Name of Item	Frequency	Committee
79	TRY	Any Other matter of concern	Subscription to Alternative Investment Funds(AIF) - Review reporting of AIF Investment	Yearly	Board
# 80	VIG	Risk	Review of Vigilance Work of the Bank for the quarter	Quarterly	Board
81	RURAL	Financial Inclusion	Lead Bank Scheme - Performance of lead districts under annual credit plan (ACP) for the year	Yearly	Board
82	CEBB	Customer Protection	Comprehensive review of customer service and Grievance Redressal Machinery	Quarterly	Board (After clearance by Customer Service Committee)
83	RMD	Risk	Position of Capital under Basel II, Basel III and CRAR / Preparedness under Basel II and III and Information Security	Quarterly	Board (also ACB)
84	ARD	Financial Reports and Integrity	 (i) NPA Management and Reported NPA and Provisioning Integrity (Global) (ii) Analysis of Top 5 Sectors of High NPA and Strategy to reduce the same iii. Bank's exposure to Sensitive sectors i.e. Capital Market & Real Estate - Position of NPA thereof 	Quarterly (All three items to be submitted in a single memorandu m)	Committee for Monitoring High Value NPA & Loss Assets
85	LEGAL	Risk	Review of Position of DRT cases	Half Yearly	Committee for Monitoring High Value NPA & Loss Assets
BANK QUE	RMD	Control & Assurance	Review of frauds (frauds of Rs.1 crore and above as and when to be reported)	Quarterly	Committee for Monitoring Large Value Frauds



S.N o	DEPART MENT	Theme	Name of Item	Frequency	Committee
87	RMD	Risk	Country Risk Exposure - Reporting of outstanding country exposure	Quarterly	CRMC
88	RMD	Risk	Validation of Internal Rating Models - HLC and MS models	As and when required	CRMC
88 89 90	RMD	Risk	Internal Credit Rating Model - SBS model	As and when required	CRMC
90	RMD	Risk	Updates on various industries (Quarterly)	Quarterly	CRMC
91	GOD	Risk	Position of SDV lockers - recovery of overdue rents	Quarterly	CRMC/ ORMC
92	GOD	Risk	Inoperative/ dormant deposits of bank - Review	Quarterly	CRMC/ ORMC
93	BED	Risk	Progress/reporting of newly opened branches vis-à-vis Branch Action Plan	Quarterly	CRMC/ORMC
94	СС	Risk	Foreign currency loan against FCNR funds - hedging of exposure by our borrowers	Half Yearly	Executive Director
95	SECU	Risk	State of Security Arrangements in the Bank	Quarterly	Executive Director
96	INTL	Business Strategy	Performance of Bank's foreign subsidiaries	Quarterly	Group Governance Committee
. I BANKO	NT.	Risk	State of preparedness in respect of major initiatives of IT - Review of technology architecture content information & data	Quarterly	IT Strategy & Digital Payment Promotion Committee
HOMERNE HOMERNE BOARD BORE THOMES MUMITISM	FOSE	Control & Assurance	Quarterly Reporting of DR Cutover conducted during the quarter	Quarterly	IT Strategy & DPP Committee

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S.N o	DEPART MENT	Theme	Name of Item	Frequency	Committee
99	INFOSE C	Any Other matter of concern	Quarterly Reporting of Vulnerability Assessment and Penetration Testing (VAPT) of Internal & External Applications conducted during the quarter	Quarterly	IT Strategy & DPP Committee
100	INFOSE C	Any Other matter of concern	Status Report of Information Security Cell for the quarter	Quarterly	IT Strategy & DPP Committee
101	BED	Risk	Quarterly review of Branch Expansion / Pending licenses for the quarter ended (Domestic operations)	Quarterly	MD & CEO
102	COMPL	Compliance	Compliance Certificate for the quarter	Quarterly	MD & CEO
103	COMPL	Compliance	Reporting of compliance of guidelines on derivatives	Monthly	MD & CEO
104	COMPL	Compliance	Reporting of overseas regulatory violations	Monthly	MD & CEO
105	RMD	Any Other matter of concern	Monthly reporting of Domestic Treasury Operations	Monthly	MRMC
106	RMD	Any Other matter of concern	Monthly reporting of Overseas Treasury Operations	Monthly	MRMC
107	RMD	Any Other matter of concern	Stress testing of Trading Portfolio	Quarterly	MRMC
108	RMD	Risk	Operational Risk - Reporting and analysis of loss data	Half Yearly	ORMC
109	RMD	Risk	Operational Risks - Tracking of Bank Level KRIs - Reporting position for quarter	Quarterly	ORMC
110	FRMD	Control & Assurance	Annual Review of Perpetrated Frauds Review of Perpetrated and Attempted Frauds	Yearly	R COM
111 01. BANA		Control & Assurance	Outsourcing Activities in the Bank - Half Yearly review of all Material Outsourcing activities in the Bank	Half Yearly	R. Com



S.N o	DEPART MENT	Theme	Name of Item	Frequency	Committee
112	RMD	Risk	Operational Risk Management Results of RCSA exercise for the FY	Yearly	R.Com
## 13	RMD	Risk	Exposure on Banks - Report on outstanding regular /sporadic exposure on domestic and foreign banks for the half year ended	Half Yearly	R.Com
114	RMD	Control & assurance	Monitoring of Liquidity Risk under Stock Approach	Monthly	R.Com
115	RMD	Risk	Asset Liability Management (ALM) (Domestic Operations and Overseas) – Monitoring of Liquidity Risk – Reporting of breach of limit of Structural Liquidity Statement (SLS) and its ratification	Monthly	R.Com
116	RMD	Risk	Asset Liability Management in our Bank Monitoring of ALM process Summary of proceedings of ALCO Meetings held	Monthly	R.Com
117	RMD	Risk	Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process (ICAAP)	Yearly	R.Com
118	RMD	Any Other matter of concern	Global Market Risk Portfolio Analysis	Quarterly	R.Com
119	RMD	Risk	Unsecured Advances/Guarantees Reporting for the quarter	Quarterly	RCOM
120	IRC	Risk	Reconciliation of Share Capital Audit of All Listed Companies/ Listed Banks	Quarterly	Share Transfer Committee

